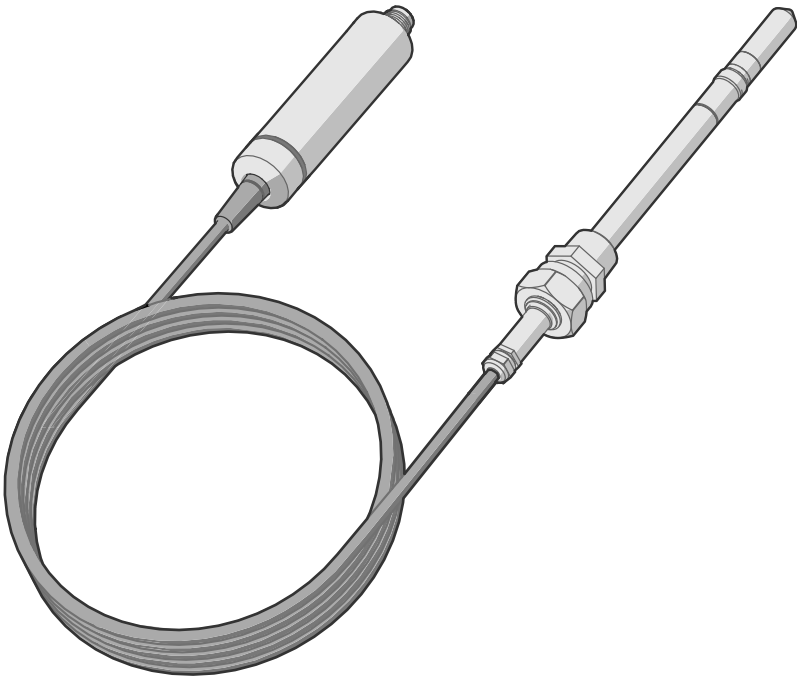


User Guide

Vaisala Indigo-compatible
dew point and temperature probes

DMP Series



VAISALA

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1. About this document

1.1 Version information

This document provides instructions for installing, using, and maintaining Vaisala DRYCAP® Dew Point and Temperature Probes DMP1, DMP5, DMP6, DMP7, and DMP8.

Table 1 Document versions (English)

Document code	Date	Description
M212357EN-F	May 2025	Applicable from software version 1.3.1 onward. Added the DMP1 probe model for low-humidity applications. Added sections: • DMP1 probe (page 23) • DMP1 specifications (page 62) Updated sections: • Product overview (page 13) • Probe structure (page 13) • Output parameters (page 14) • DRYCAP® sensor models in DMP Series probes (page 18) • Installation (page 22) • Problem situations (page 57) • Accessories and spare parts (page 77)

Document code	Date	Description
M212357EN-E	February 2024	Applicable from software version 1.2.8 onward. Added information on the LED behavior of DMP7 to Probe structure (page 13) and Problem situations (page 57). Updated the description of environmental compensation in Environmental compensation (page 20). Added information on temperature compensation using the Indigo80 handheld indicator to Temperature compensation (page 20). Updated instructions on configuring the environment settings in Configuring environment settings with Indigo80 handheld indicator (page 53). Added information on default analog output values to Default analog output configuration with Indigo transmitters (page 46). Added information on the probe calibration reminder and interval to Calibration and adjustment (page 56). Updated instructions on restoring factory default settings with Indigo80 in Restoring factory default settings with Indigo80 handheld indicator (page 60). Updated the DMP8 dimension drawing. Updated the probe cable lengths for DMP7 in DMP7 specifications (page 71). Added a new accessory, weatherproof carrying case, to Accessories and spare parts (page 77) for DMP8.
M212357EN-D	June 2023	Applicable from software version 1.2.8 onward. Added sensor saturation ration (SSR) and sensor temperature (T_s) parameters to Output parameters (page 14). Updated information on external temperature sources in Environmental compensation (page 20). Updated sections DMP6 probe (page 26) and DMP6 specifications (page 67) with a caution about high air flows. Added information on the Indigo300 transmitter and updated information on other Indigo transmitters in: • Additional features with Indigo transmitters (page 15) • Using probe with Indigo transmitters (page 43) Updated information on connection cables in Accessories and spare parts (page 77). Updated accessories and spare parts information for DMP6, DMP7 and DMP8.

1.2 Related manuals



For the latest versions of these documents, see docs.vaisala.com.

Table 2 Related manuals

Document code	Name
M212356EN	Vaisala DMP Series Quick Guide
M212842EN	Vaisala Indigo201 Analog Output Transmitter User Guide
M212843EN	Vaisala Indigo202 Digital Transmitter User Guide
M212849EN	Vaisala Indigo300 Transmitter User Guide
M212287EN	Vaisala Indigo500 Series Transmitters User Guide
M212722EN	Vaisala Indigo80 Handheld Indicator User Guide

1.3 Documentation conventions



WARNING! Warning alerts you to a serious hazard. If you do not read and follow instructions carefully at this point, there is a risk of injury or even death.



CAUTION! Caution warns you of a potential hazard. If you do not read and follow instructions carefully at this point, the product could be damaged or important data could be lost.



Highlights important information on using the product.



Gives information for using the product more efficiently.



Lists tools needed to perform the task.



Indicates that you need to take some notes during the task.

1.4 Trademarks

Vaisala® and DRYCAP® are registered trademarks of Vaisala Oyj.

Modbus® is a registered trademark of Schneider Automation Inc.

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2. Product overview

DMP series probes are dew point and temperature measurement probes with a digital output (Modbus® protocol). The probes are designed for demanding dew point measurement applications. The DMP5, DMP6, DMP7, and DMP8 probe models have a two-part structure, with measurement electronics contained in the probe body and sensor(s) in the probe head. The probe body and the probe head are connected by a fixed cable. Length options for this connecting cable depend on the probe model. The DMP1 probe model does not have a separate probe body and probe head: its probe head is directly attached to the probe body.

The probes are compatible with Vaisala Indigo transmitters and Vaisala Indigo80 Handheld Indicator. They can also be connected to Vaisala Insight PC software for configuration, calibration, diagnostics, and temporary online monitoring.

2.1 Probe structure

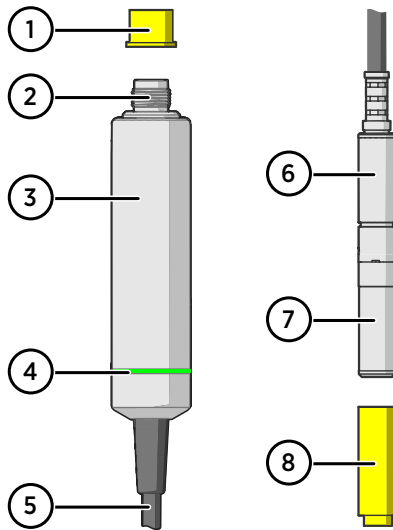


Figure 1 Probe parts

- 1 Protection cap (remove before use)
- 2 5-pin M12 connector
- 3 Probe body with type label
- 4 Status indicator LED:

Green Power on and probe online, flashes when communicating
Red Error
Off Power off, or indicator disabled

- 5 Fixed probe cable, variable length (do not cut).
DMP1 model does not have a probe cable, as its probe head is directly attached to the probe body.
- 6 Probe head (DMP7 model shown)
- 7 Location of sensors on the probe head. DMP series probes have a removable filter over the sensors that can be replaced if it gets dirty or damaged.
- 8 Protection cap (remove before use)



To prevent the warming of the indicator LED from causing a slight measurement error, DMP7 probe with a 0.15-m (0.49-ft) probe connection cable and DMP1 probes keep the indicator normally off (even when power is on). If the probe is in error state, the red LED is shown.

You can turn the indicator LED on with Insight, but this will affect measurements.

2.2 Basic features and options

- Comprehensive list of output parameters
- Sensor purge provides superior chemical resistance
- Condensation prevention feature minimizes condensation on probe
- Traceable calibration certificate
- Standalone Modbus® RTU over RS-485
- Compatible with Indigo transmitters and Indigo80 handheld indicator
- Can be connected to Vaisala Insight PC software for configuration, calibration, diagnostics, and temporary online monitoring

2.3 Output parameters



Values of all available output parameters are locked (showing the latest valid value) when sensor purge, autocalibration, or condensation prevention functions are active.

- Output parameter is available on this model.
- ⓘ Output parameter is unavailable during sensor warming unless temperature is written to register 0x0334 from an external source
- Output parameter is not available on this model.

Table 3 Availability of output parameters

Output parameter	Output unit	DMP1	DMP5	DMP6	DMP7	DMP8
Relative humidity	%RH	ⓘ	ⓘ	–	ⓘ	ⓘ
Temperature	°C	ⓘ	ⓘ	–	ⓘ	ⓘ
Dew point temperature	°C	●	●	●	●	●
Dew/frost point temperature	°C	●	●	●	●	●
Dew/frost point temperature at 1 atm	°C	●	●	●	●	●
Dew point temperature at 1 atm	°C	●	●	●	●	●
Absolute humidity	g/m ³	ⓘ	ⓘ	–	ⓘ	ⓘ
Mixing ratio	g/kg	●	●	●	●	●
Water concentration	ppm _v	●	●	●	●	●
Water vapor pressure	hPa	●	●	●	●	●
Water vapor saturation pressure	hPa	ⓘ	ⓘ	–	ⓘ	ⓘ

Output parameter	Output unit	DMP1	DMP5	DMP6	DMP7	DMP8
Enthalpy	kJ/kg	●	●	–	●	●
Dew/frost point depression	°C	●	●	–	●	●
Absolute humidity at NTP	g/m ³	●	●	–	●	●
Water mass fraction	ppm _w	●	●	●	●	●
Diagnostic parameters ¹⁾						
Sensor saturation ratio (SSR)	%	–	–	●	–	–
Sensor temperature (T _s)	°C	–	–	●	–	–

1) Selectable as output parameters using the Indigo80 handheld indicator and the Modbus protocol.

2.4 Additional features with Indigo transmitters

Connecting the probe to an Indigo transmitter provides a wide range of additional options for outputs, measurement viewing, status monitoring, and configuration interface access.

Examples of additional features available with Indigo520 transmitters:

- Touchscreen display for real-time data viewing and configuration
- Support for 2 probes simultaneously
- 4 configurable analog outputs
- 2 configurable relays
- 2-wire current loop analog input
- Barometer module for barometric pressure measurement (optional module)
- Ethernet connection with web interface for remote access
- Modbus TCP/IP protocol
- Service port for connecting to Indigo80 handheld indicator

Examples of additional features available with Indigo300 transmitters:

- Numerical and graphical display for real-time data viewing
- 3 pre-configurable analog outputs
- Service port on the front for connecting to Vaisala Insight PC software or Indigo80 handheld indicator for easy configuration access

Examples of additional features available with Indigo200 series transmitters:

- 3.5" TFT LCD color display or non-display model with LED indicator
- Digital output or 3 analog outputs (depending on the transmitter model)
- 2 configurable relays
- USB-C connection to Vaisala Insight PC software for easy configuration access



Available features vary depending on the Indigo transmitter model. For more information on Indigo transmitters, see vaisala.com/indigo.

More information

- [Default analog output configuration with Indigo transmitters \(page 46\)](#)

2.5 Safety



WARNING! When returning a product for calibration or repair, make sure it has not been exposed to dangerous contamination, and is safe to handle without special precautions.



CAUTION! Do not attempt to open the probe body. There are no user serviceable parts inside the probe body.



CAUTION! Do not touch the probe head with your bare hands. Touching will deposit impurities on the probe head.

2.6 ESD protection

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause immediate or latent damage to electronic circuits. Vaisala products are adequately protected against ESD for their intended use. However, it is possible to damage the product by delivering an electrostatic discharge when touching, removing or inserting any objects inside the equipment housing.

Avoid touching component contacts or connectors when working with the device.

2.7 Regulatory statements

2.7.1 FCC Part 15 compliance statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is

no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



CAUTION! Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.7.2 Canada ICES-3 / NMB-3 compliance statement

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

3. Functional description

3.1 DRYCAP® technology

Vaisala DRYCAP® dew point measurement technology ensures accurate measurement with excellent long term stability. Its unrivalled performance is based on two innovations: the proven capacitive thin-film polymer sensor and the self-diagnostic functions that the software performs automatically as needed.

The sensor's thin-film polymer absorbs or releases water vapor as the surrounding humidity increases or decreases. The dielectric properties of the polymer change as the humidity around the sensor changes, as does the capacitance of the sensor. Capacitance is converted into a humidity reading. The capacitive polymer sensor is bonded together with a temperature sensor, and dew point is calculated from the humidity and temperature readings.

The automatic sensor functions are called autocalibration, sensor purge, and sensor warming. They are a key element in achieving the stability, rapid response time, and condensation resistance of the DRYCAP® sensors.

3.1.1 DRYCAP® sensor models in DMP Series probes

Table 4 DRYCAP® sensor models in DMP Series probes

Probe model	Sensor variant	Suitable applications
DMP5	DRYCAP® 180S	Humid applications such ovens and refrigeration dryers
DMP6		
DMP1	DRYCAP® 180M	Standard dry gas and desiccant dryer applications
DMP7		
DMP8		

3.2 Autocalibration

Autocalibration of the DRYCAP sensor optimizes measurement stability in dry environments. During autocalibration the sensor is warmed for a short period (< 1 min) and the sensor capacitance values are evaluated at the elevated temperature. The possible dry end drift is then corrected to correspond to the calibrated values. During autocalibration the values of all available output parameters are locked (showing the latest valid value).

DMP series probes perform autocalibration at 1-hour intervals, and whenever sensor purge is performed. When measuring very dry conditions, the probe performs autocalibration at shorter intervals. A significant change in dew point or temperature may also trigger autocalibration.

Autocalibration is carried out only if several criteria for the measurement environment are fulfilled. This ensures the reliability of the adjustments, and maintains the excellent long term stability that the patented technology offers. These criteria include, for example, a stable enough moisture level in the measured atmosphere. If the conditions are not fulfilled, the autocalibration function is postponed until satisfactory conditions are reached.

Sometimes autocalibration fails to complete successfully due to changes in measurement conditions. This is normal, and is not a problem as autocalibration will be reattempted automatically. However, autocalibration should eventually succeed to maintain the accuracy of the probe.

3.3 Sensor purge

Sensor purge is an automatic procedure that minimizes the drift at the wet end readings of the dew point measurement. The sensor is heated to a high temperature which evaporates all excess molecules out of the sensor polymer. This, together with autocalibration, results in a very small drift of the sensor due to the very linear behavior of the polymer technology.

By default, DMP probes perform sensor purge when they are powered on (known as **startup purge**), and at one day intervals (known as **interval purge**). If necessary, the purge settings can be configured with the Insight software, the Indigo80 handheld indicator, or using the Modbus protocol. However, Vaisala recommends leaving the sensor purge settings at their default values.

As with autocalibration, during sensor purge the values of the measurement parameters are frozen at their last measured values prior to the procedure.

3.4 Condensation prevention functions

The sensor warming feature of the condensation prevention function is intended for improving the condensation tolerance of the probe. It warms the humidity sensor when necessary to keep the sensor's temperature above the dew point of the measurement environment. When sensor warming is activated, all temperature-dependent output parameters become unavailable, unless the temperature compensation setting is set to read the temperature from an external source. The output parameters become available again 4 minutes after the warming is stopped.

The humidity limit where sensor warming activates is:

- 80 %RH for DMP probes with S sensors
- 70 %RH for DMP probes with M sensors

In addition, the DRYCAP® sensor is kept continuously warmed in freezing conditions to ensure fast response time. Therefore, the temperature and dependent parameters are continuously unavailable if process temperature is below 0 °C / 32 °F.

3.5 Environmental compensation

Environmental compensations – pressure compensation and temperature compensation – improve the measurement accuracy of the probe. You can configure the settings with the Insight software or the Indigo80 handheld indicator, or using the Modbus protocol.

3.5.1 Pressure compensation

The pressure of the measured environment affects the accuracy of humidity calculations, especially calculations that are dependent on pressure (for example, mixing ratio). To achieve accurate output of all humidity parameters, you are recommended to update the value of the pressure compensation setpoint to match the environmental pressure when installing the probe.

For example, when you install the probe in a process with a pressure differing from normal atmospheric pressure, update the correct pressure into the pressure compensation setpoint parameter or register of the probe using the Insight software or the Indigo80 handheld indicator.

The entered value is persistent and remains unchanged at device restart.

3.5.2 Temperature compensation

Condensation prevention functions disable the probe's own temperature measurement and output parameters that depend on it. To enable temperature-dependent output parameters even when condensation prevention functions are used, you need to set an external source for the temperature compensation setpoint.

To get the most accurate measurement values, the external source needs to be able to provide the temperature compensation setpoint value constantly in real time, and the value needs to correspond to the temperature of the probe's measurement environment as accurately as possible. A suitable measurement point is as close to the probe as possible, but yet far enough so that ongoing condensation prevention warming of the probe does not have an effect on the measured value.

Temperature compensation using Indigo80 handheld indicator

If you are using the Indigo80 handheld indicator with your probe, the external temperature source can be any Indigo-compatible probe with a temperature output that is connected to the same Indigo80 as your probe. When Indigo80 detects the connected probes, it guides you to check the probes' environment settings, where you can select to start as well as stop reading the temperature value from another probe.

When you disconnect and then reconnect the same probes to the same ports in Indigo80, Indigo80 will continue reading the temperature value from the previously selected probe. The same applies also when you restart Indigo80 with the same probes connected.

More information

- [Configuring environment settings with Indigo80 handheld indicator \(page 53\)](#)

3.6 Filtering factor

The filtering factor determines how quickly the results of measurement cycles are reflected in values of output parameters. You can use the filtering factor to slow down the response time of the measurement, filtering out rapid changes and measurement noise.

- Maximum value (1) = No filtering, fastest measurement. Output shows 100 % of the most recent measured value.
- Less than maximum value = Filtering is applied and measurement response time is reduced. For example, defining a value that is 90 % of the maximum value means that the filtered output reading = 90 % of the most recent measured value + 10 % of the previous reading.

Filtering factor settings can be configured with the Insight software, the Indigo80 handheld indicator, or using the Modbus protocol.

More information

- [Example of configuring filtering factor with Indigo80 handheld indicator \(page 52\)](#)

4. Installation

When you choose the installation location for the probe, consider the following:

- Verify the operating environment specification of the probe model. The probe head typically has a much wider operating temperature range than the probe body.
- If the temperature of the measured environment differs greatly from ambient temperature, the entire probe head and preferably plenty of cable must be inside the measured environment. This prevents measurement inaccuracy caused by heat conduction along the cable.
- Probe mounting options are model-specific.

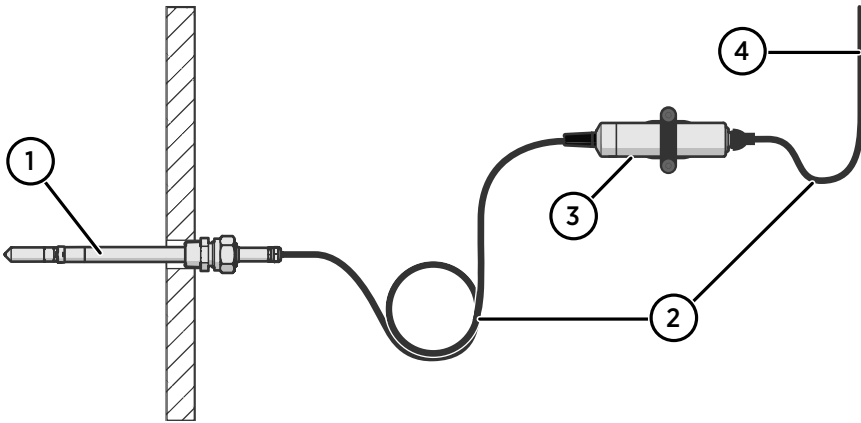


Figure 2 Example installation

- 1 Mount the probe head horizontally to prevent any water condensing on the probe head from running to the sensors.



This does not apply to DMP1. Vaisala strongly recommends installing DMP1 with the probe head pointed down.

- 2 Let the cable hang loosely to prevent condensed water from running along the cable to the probe body or probe head.
- 3 Attach the probe body to a wall or other surface using supplied probe holder (item code ASM213582).
- 4 Cable to Modbus master or Indigo device.

4.1 DMP1 probe

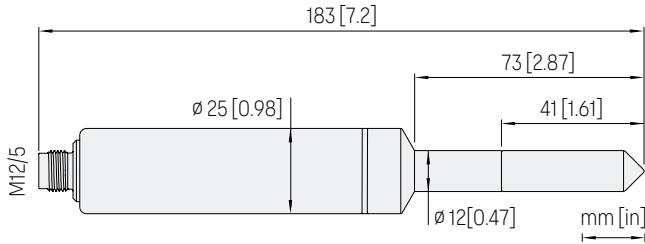


Figure 3 DMP1 dimensions

Vaisala DRYCAP® Dew Point and Temperature Probe DMP1 is designed for low-humidity applications, for example in dry room monitoring in battery manufacturing or cleanroom monitoring in semiconductor production facilities.



Vaisala strongly recommends installing DMP1 with the probe head pointed down.



CAUTION! If the probe is not directly attached to a transmitter, always use a shielded probe connection cable to fulfill the EMC requirements.



CAUTION! Do not damage the probe by bending, crushing, or striking it.

4.2 DMP5 probe

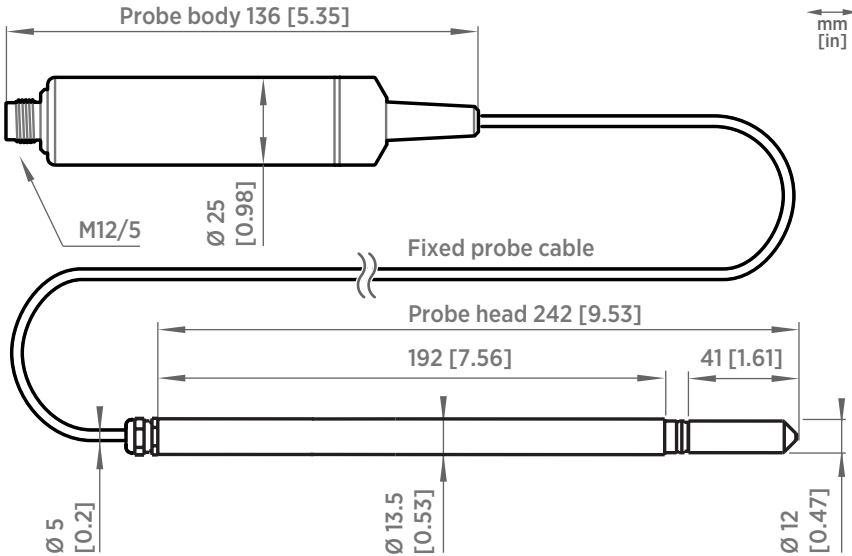


Figure 4 DMP5 dimensions

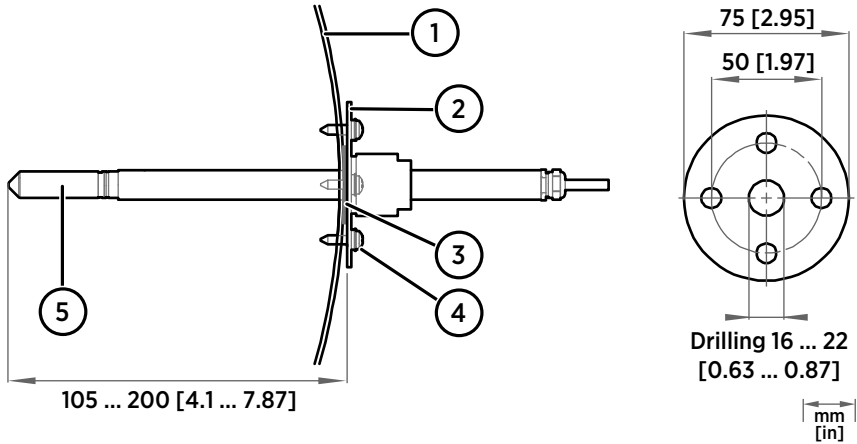
Vaisala DRYCAP® Dew Point and Temperature Probe DMP5 is designed for humidity measurement in applications with high temperatures. The long and robust steel probe and an optional installation flange allow easy installation with adjustable depth through insulation, for example, in ovens.

DMP5 is built for direct measurement in hot and dry processes, up to +180 °C (+356 °F). As the probe can be directly placed in the process, there is no need for a sampling system or trace heating. As a result, high measurement accuracy and constancy are maintained. DMP5 provides unmatched dry-end measurement accuracy at temperatures up to 140 °C; however, it can operate safely at temperatures up to 180 °C.

- Operating temperature of probe body -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
- Operating temperature of probe head -40 ... +180 °C (-40 ... +356 °F)

4.2.1 Installing with Mounting Flange 210696

Mounting Flange 210696 is designed for attaching Ø13.5 mm probe heads through the wall of a process chamber or duct. The flange kit includes a flange, a sealing ring, and screws.



- 1 Wall of chamber or duct
- 2 Flange
- 3 Sealing ring
- 4 Self-tapping screws (B 4.2×16 DIN 7981)
- 5 Probe



When the temperature difference between the process or duct and the surroundings is large, insert the probe head as deep in the process or duct as possible. This prevents errors caused by heat conduction along the probe cable.

4.3 DMP6 probe

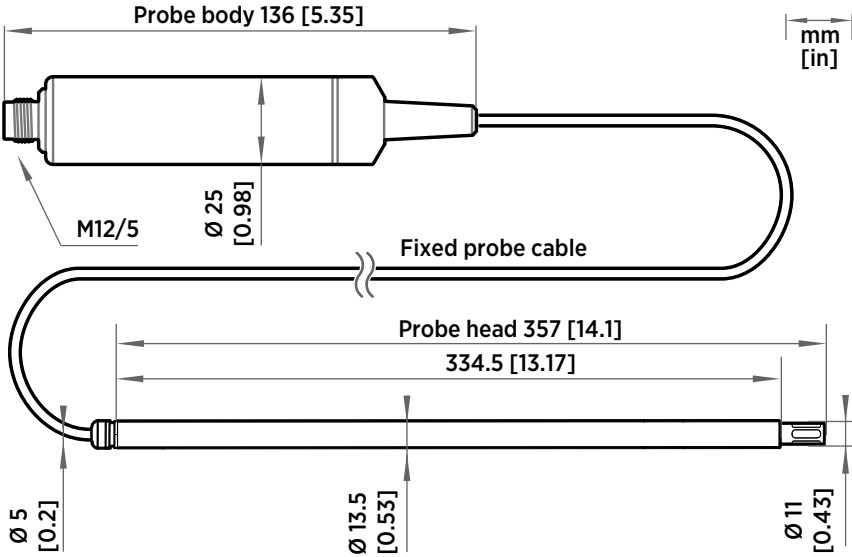


Figure 5 DMP6 probe dimensions

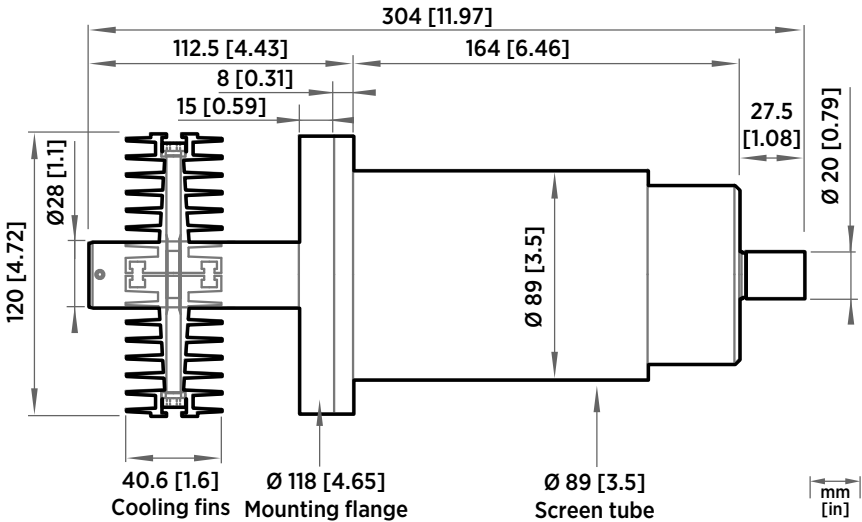


Figure 6 Cooling Set DMP246CS dimensions

Vaisala DRYCAP® Dew Point Probe DMP6 is designed for humidity measurement in industrial applications with very high temperatures. High temperature tolerance is achieved using a passive cooling set that conducts heat away from the probe and reduces temperature to optimal range for the sensor.

- Operating temperature of probe head 0 ... +350 °C (+32 ... +662 °F)
- Operating temperature of probe body -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)

DMP6 is built for direct measurement in temperature range +100 ... +350 °C (+212 ... +662 °F). There is no need for a sampling system or trace heating. To tolerate these high temperatures, the probe head is inserted inside a cooling set that provides passive cooling. The cooling set has removable cooling fins that allow the operating temperature profile of the probe to be adjusted so that adequate cooling is provided for each application. The cooling system has no moving parts and requires no additional power or cooling utilities, so there is no risk of sensor damage due to mechanical cooling failure.

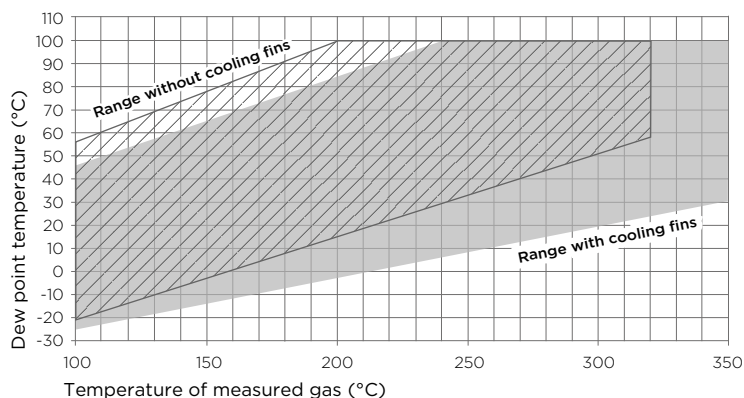


Figure 7 Operating range of DMP6 probe head



CAUTION! The operating range specifications apply in stand-still air. High flow rates in the process may reduce the probe performance and cause damage to the equipment.



Make sure that the upper limit of the dew point measurement range is not exceeded in low temperatures as this will lead to condensation.



You can read diagnostic measurement data from the probe using Insight software (**Diagnostics** page) or Modbus protocol (diagnostic data registers) and use it to verify your installation:

- **Sensor temperature** must never exceed +180 °C (+356 °F) even in exceptional process conditions.
- Allow the probe to stabilize after installation in the cooling set, and check the **Sensor saturation ratio**. If the value is below 20 %, install the cooling fins on the cooling set (unless already installed).

4.3.1 Installing probe head with Cooling Set DMP246CS



- Welding equipment
- Equipment for making a hole to the process wall
- 5-mm Allen key
- 2-mm Allen key

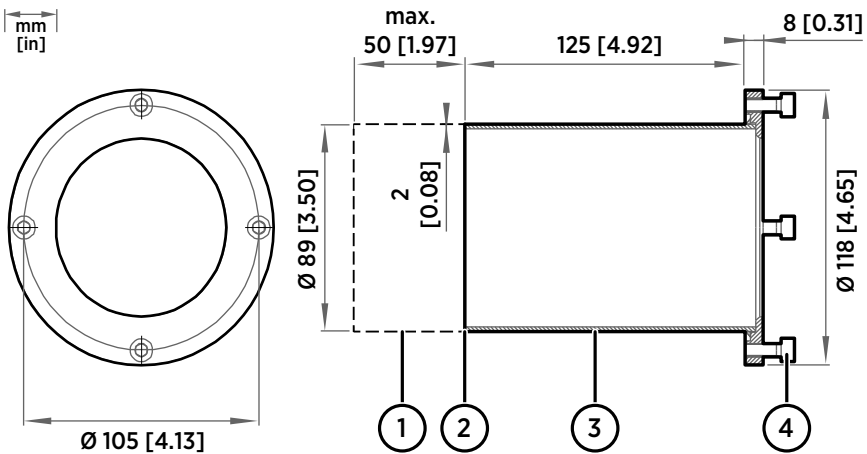


Figure 8 DMP246CS Cooling Set mounting flange

- 1 Lengthening piece for thick walls (not provided)



Make a lengthening piece for walls thicker than 125 mm (4.92 in) and weld it to the mounting tube. Maximum length of the extension is 50 mm (1.97 in).

- 2 Welding point
- 3 Mounting tube
- 4 Mounting screws (4 pcs, M6×16 DIN 912)

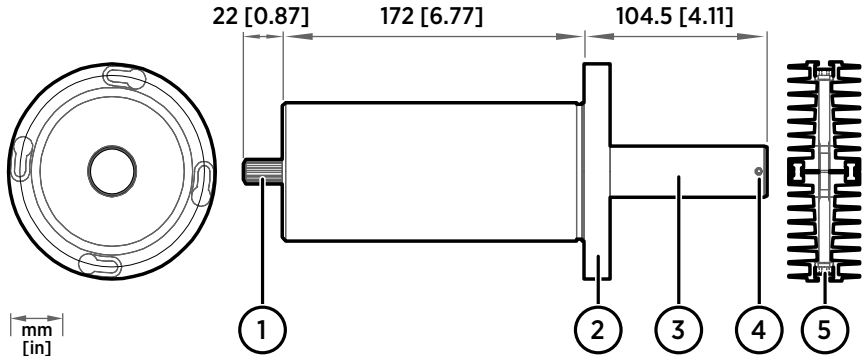


Figure 9 DMP246CS Cooling Set without mounting flange

- 1 Cooling bush
- 2 Flange
- 3 Cooling bar
- 4 Locking screws (4 pcs, M4×6 DIN 916)
- 5 Mounting screws of the cooling fins (M6×60 DIN 912)

- ▶ 1. Make a round $89.5 + 0.5$ mm ($3.52 + 0.02$ in) hole in the process wall. Install the cooling set horizontally whenever possible to ensure the best possible cooling performance.
2. If the process wall is more than 125 mm (4.92 in) thick, weld a lengthening piece (max. 50 mm (1.97 in)) to the mounting tube.
3. Weld the tube of the mounting flange tightly to the inner metal plate of the process wall.
4. Attach the cooling set to the mounting flange and use a 5-mm Allen key to tighten the mounting screws. Proper tightening of the mounting screws is important for good thermal contact.
5. If the process chamber is in use or otherwise warmer than ambient temperature, let the cooling set warm up before inserting the probe to avoid condensation:
 - a. Plug the hole of the cooling bar tightly with the plug that is attached to the cooling set.
 - b. If installation of the cooling fins is required, attach them at this point to let them warm up as well. See [step 9](#).
 - c. Wait for a few hours.
 - d. Unplug the cooling bar and continue the installation.
6. Use a 2-mm Allen key to loosen the locking screws on the cooling bar.

7. Push the probe head into the cooling bar until it meets the other end and cannot be pushed farther. Approximately 7.5 cm (2.95 in) of the probe head will remain outside the cooling bar.



CAUTION! Do not push or pull from the probe cable.

8. Tighten the locking screws to lock the probe head in place.
9. If installation of cooling fins is required, attach them around the cooling bar using a 5-mm Allen key. Place the cooling fins so that the locking screws are not obstructed. Tighten the two mounting screws so that the fins have good thermal contact with the cooling bar.

4.3.2 Cooling Set installation example

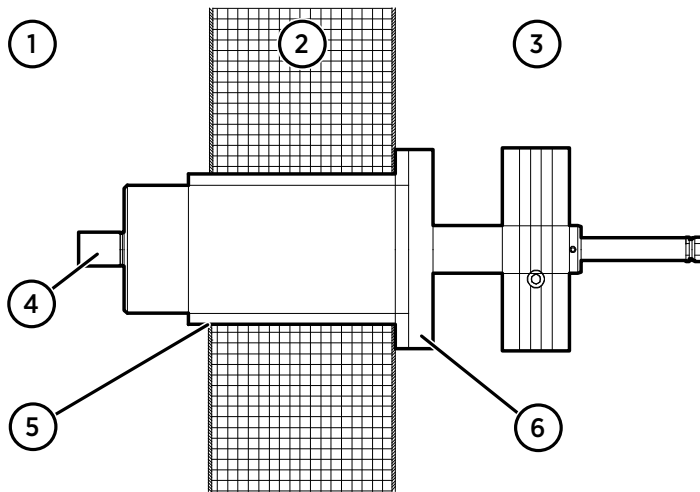


Figure 10 Example installation with Cooling Set DMP246CS

- 1 Process chamber, maximum temperature +350 °C (+662 °F)
- 2 Mineral wool or other insulation, total wall thickness is < 125 mm (4.92 in) so no lengthening piece is welded to mounting tube
- 3 Space outside process chamber, in ambient temperature
- 4 Location of dew point sensor when probe head is installed in the cooling set (under sintered filter)
- 5 Tube of the mounting flange welded to inner plate of process wall
- 6 Cooling set attached to mounting flange using mounting screws (4 pcs)

4.4 DMP7 probe

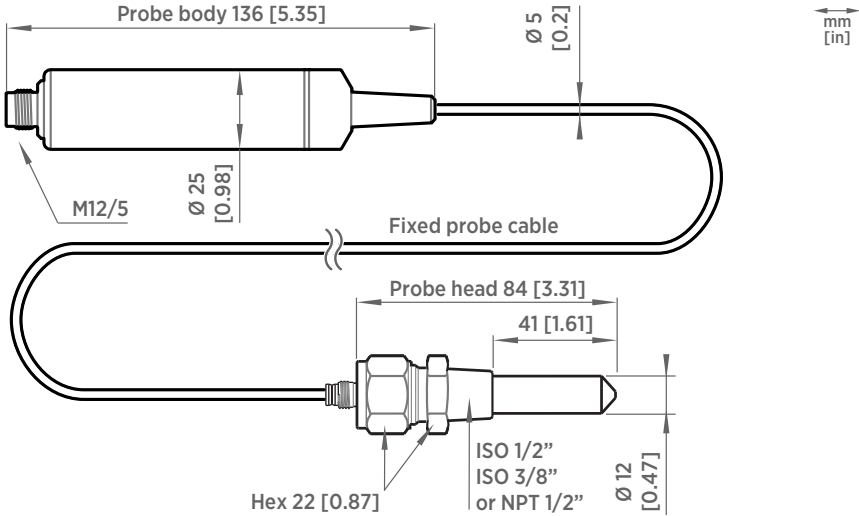


Figure 11 DMP7 dimensions

Vaisala DRYCAP® Dew Point and Temperature Probe DMP7 is designed for low-humidity applications. Thanks to its short probe length, it fits in installations with limited space, such as semiconductor manufacturing equipment. Other applications include industrial drying, compressed air systems, dry rooms, and blanket gases in metal heat treatment.

- Operating temperature of probe head -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
- Operating temperature of probe body -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
- Operating pressure of probe head 0-10 bar (0-145 psi), absolute



When installed in a process with a pressure differing from normal atmospheric pressure, input the correct pressure into the pressure compensation setpoint parameter or register of the probe. This allows the probe to apply the appropriate pressure compensation into its measurement results.

4.4.1 Pressure-tight Swagelok installation kit

Swagelok installation kit (Vaisala items SWG12ISO12, SWG12ISO38, and SWG12NPT12) is an optional accessory which includes a pressure-tight Swagelok® connector with ISO1/2", ISO3/8" or NPT1/2" thread.

For instructions on how to tighten the Swagelok connector properly, see the installation instructions provided with the installation kit, [SWG12ISO12 Swagelok® Connector Assembly Drawing \(DRW218087\)](#).



CAUTION! Note that overtightening the connector may damage the probe head.

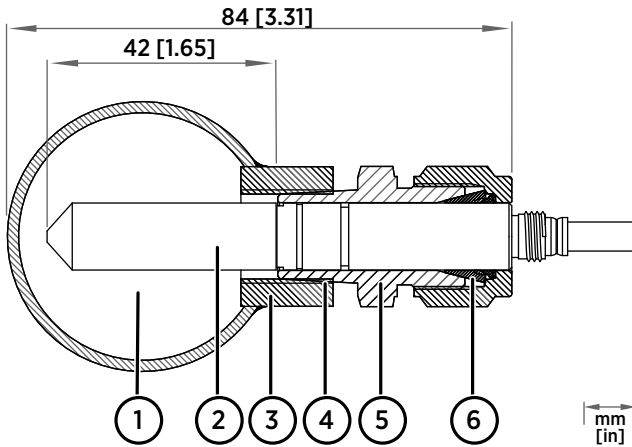


Figure 12 DMP7 installation to pipeline using a Swagelok installation kit

- 1 Max. process pressure 10 bar (145 psi), max temperature +80 °C (+176 °F)
- 2 Probe head
- 3 Duct connector
- 4 ISO1/2", ISO3/8" or NPT1/2" thread
- 5 Swagelok connector
- 6 Ferrules

4.5 DMP8 probe

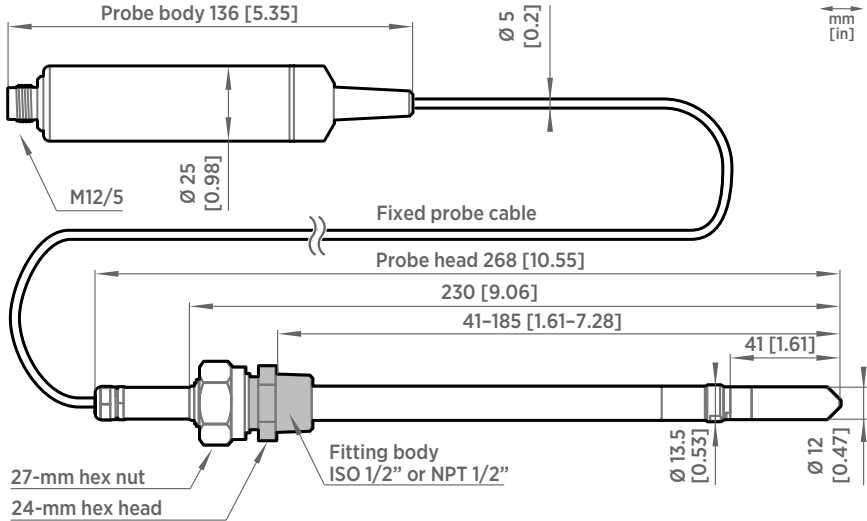


Figure 13 DMP8 dimensions

Vaisala DRYCAP® Dew Point and Temperature Probe DMP8 is designed for industrial low-humidity applications such as industrial drying, compressed air systems, and semiconductor industry. It can be installed in a 1/2" NPT or ISO thread with adjustable insertion depth.

- Operating temperature of probe head -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
- Operating temperature of probe body -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
- Operating pressure of probe head 0-40 bar (0-580 psi), absolute

An optional ball valve kit allows for inserting or detaching the probe from a pressurized line.

For more information on using the probe with the ball valve, see [Ball Valve Kit \(BALLVALVE-1\) Installation Guide \(M212837EN\)](#).

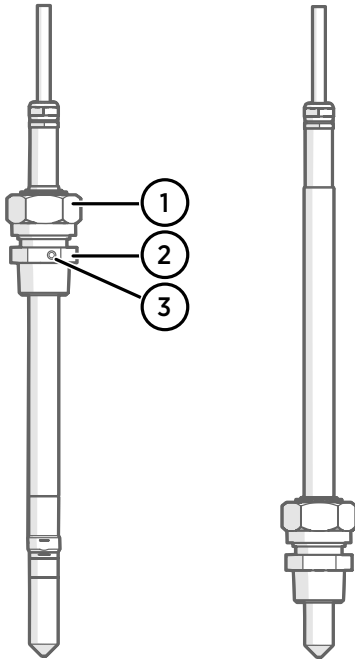


Figure 14 DMP8 probe head

- 1 Clasp nut, 24 mm hex nut
- 2 Fitting body, 27 mm hex head
- 3 Leak screw (on ISO 1/2" fitting body HM47432 only)



Fitting body with a leak screw can be useful when the probe head cannot be installed directly in the pressurized process or process pipe. The leak screw allows a small sample flow to escape from the process out to atmospheric pressure, enabling a fast response time although the probe is not installed in the process.

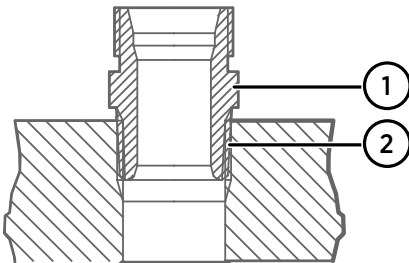


Figure 15 Sealing of fitting body into process

- 1 Fitting body with 24 mm hex nut and tapered thread
- 2 Seal with a suitable thread sealant. For example, LOCTITE® No. 542 with activator No. 7649, MEGA-PIPE EXTRA No. 7188, or PTFE tape.



Follow the instructions of the sealant manufacturer.
PTFE tape does not lock the parts together. Use two fork wrenches (24 mm and 27 mm) when tightening and opening the clasp nut of the probe.

4.5.1 Tightening the clasp nut

- ▶ 1. Adjust the probe to a suitable depth according to the type of installation.
- 2. Tighten the clasp nut to finger tightness.
- 3. Draw a line on the fitting screw and the clasp nut to mark their position.
- 4. Tighten the nut a further 50 ... 60° (1/6 turn) with a wrench. If you have a suitable torque wrench, tighten the nut to max 45 ±5 Nm (33 ±4 ft-lbs).

Do not overtighten the clasp nut.



CAUTION! Take care not to damage the probe body. A damaged body makes the probe less tight and may prevent it from going through the clasp nut.



CAUTION! In pressurized processes it is essential to tighten the supporting nuts and screws very carefully to prevent loosening of the probe by the action of pressure.



When installed in a process with a pressure differing from normal atmospheric pressure, input the correct pressure into the pressure compensation setpoint parameter or register of the probe. This allows the probe to apply the appropriate pressure compensation into its measurement results.

4.5.2 DMT242SC sampling cell

DMT242SC is a basic sampling cell with only the main sampling cell body. The inlet and outlet are female threaded sample connectors (inlet G3/8", outlet G1/4" ISO).

DMT242SC is suitable for users requiring only a sampling cell to fit the measurement into and doing further assembly (piping into inlet and outlet, valves, possible flow meter) by themselves.

4.5.3 DMT242SC2 sampling cell with Swagelok connectors

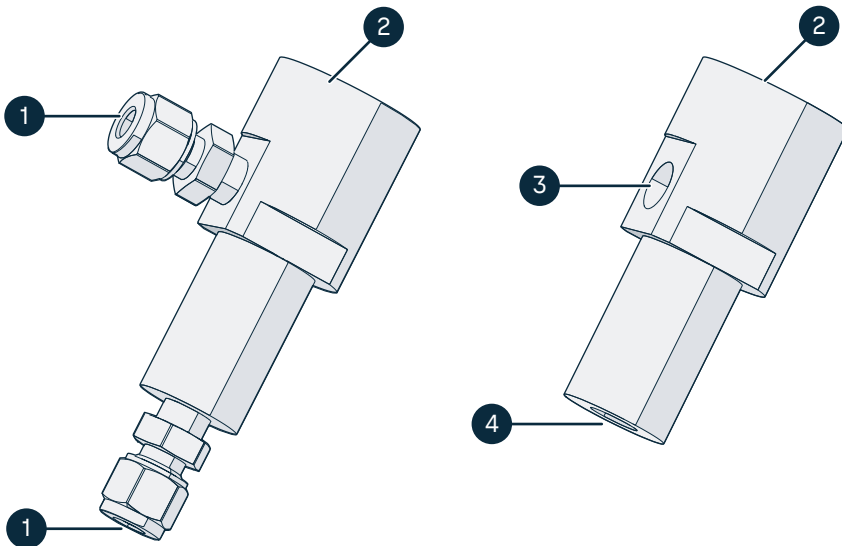


Figure 16 Sampling cells DMT242SC2 (left) and DMT242SC (right)

- 1 Male pipe welded connector Swagelok 1/4"
- 2 G1/2"
- 3 G1/4"
- 4 G3/8"

DMT242SC2 is similar to DMT242SC, but connections are made easy. The sampling cell includes welded Swagelok connectors at both the inlet and outlet that fit directly to 1/4" tubing.

To fit 6 mm tubing to the connectors, an adapter such as Swagelok® Reducer SS-6M0-R-4 (not supplied by Vaisala) can be used.

DMT242SC2 is the suitable choice in, for example, plastics drying systems, where the measurement is made by tapping off the dryer system and bringing a small air stream to the sensor.

The Swagelok connectors of DMT242SC2 connect easily to a cooling coil or tubing, providing the essential function of cooling the dry air to ambient temperature before it reaches the sensor.

4.6 Wiring

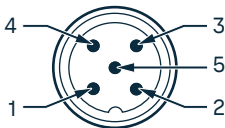


Figure 17 M12 5-pin A-coded male connector pinout

Pin #	Function	Notes	Wire colors in Vaisala cables
1	Power supply	Operating voltage: 15–30 V DC Current consumption: 10 mA typical, 500 mA max.	Brown
2	RS-485 -		White
3	Power GND and RS-485 common		Blue
4	RS-485 +		Black
5	Not connected		Gray

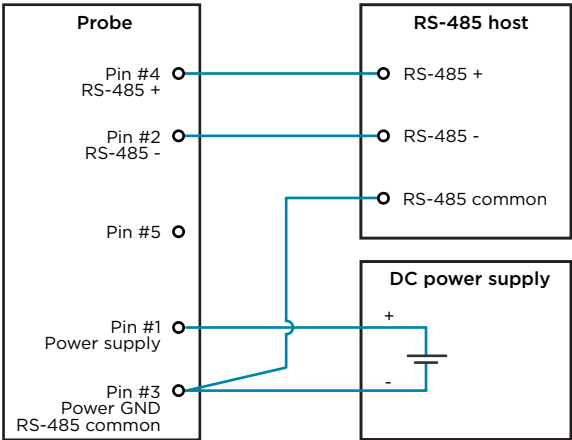


Figure 18 RS-485 wiring



Recommended maximum length of the RS-485 line is 30 m (98 ft).

4.7 Configuring environmental compensations

After installation, configure the pressure compensation setting, if relevant to your probe and its measurement environment.

For example, when you have installed the probe in a process with a pressure differing from normal atmospheric pressure, update the correct pressure into the pressure compensation setpoint parameter or register of the probe. This allows the probe to apply the appropriate pressure compensation into its measurement results.

You can configure the setting with the Insight software or the Indigo80 handheld indicator, or using the Modbus protocol.

More information

- [Environmental compensation \(page 20\)](#)
- [Configuring environment settings with Indigo80 handheld indicator \(page 53\)](#)

5. Configuration with Insight software

5.1 Vaisala Insight software

Vaisala Insight software is a configuration software for Indigo-compatible devices. With the Insight software, you can:

- See probe information and status
- See real-time measurement
- Record data up to 48 hours and export in CSV format
- Configure probe features such as measurement filtering, sensor purge, and serial communication
- Update probe calibration information:
 - Calibration date and text
 - Calibration interval and expiry date
 - Enable or disable calibration reminder function



Adjustment of measurement is not available in Insight software for DMP Series probes. If adjustment is necessary, contact Vaisala. See [Maintenance and calibration services \(page 93\)](#).

Microsoft Windows® operating system and Indigo USB adapter (item code USB2) or Vaisala USB cable (item code 242659) required.

Download Vaisala Insight software at www.vaisala.com/insight.

5.2 Connecting to Insight software



- Computer with a Microsoft Windows® operating system (64-bit version) and Vaisala Insight PC software installed
- Indigo USB adapter (item code USB2) or USB connection cable (item code 242659)



CAUTION! When connecting several devices at the same time, note that your computer may not be able to supply enough power through its USB ports. Use an externally powered USB hub that can supply >2 W for each port.

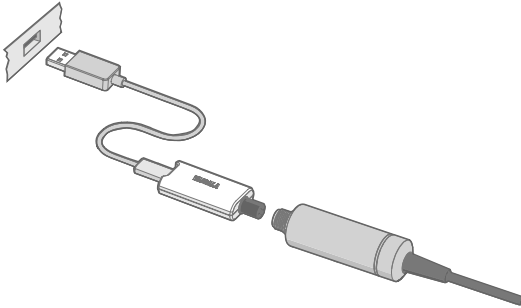


Figure 19 Connecting probe to Insight using Indigo USB adapter

1. Open the Insight software on your computer.
2. Verify the current operating mode of Insight from the **Settings** menu and change it if appropriate:
 - **Basic mode** is suitable for most use cases.
 - **Advanced mode** provides access to additional configuration options. Use **Advanced mode** only when instructed to do so by product documentation or Vaisala technical support.
3. Connect the USB adapter to a free USB port on the computer or USB hub.
4. Connect the probe to the USB adapter.
5. Wait for the Insight software to detect the probe.

5.3 Configuration options

The complete probe configuration is accessible via the Insight software. After connecting the probe, select  > **Configure device** to access the configuration options in Insight software.

Available configuration options include all of the Modbus configuration registers and several additional options. Insight software is the recommended way to change the probe configuration.



You can restore the probe back to its default settings using the **Factory default settings > Restore settings** function. Doing this will also revert the latest entered calibration information to the information that was stored with the factory calibration.

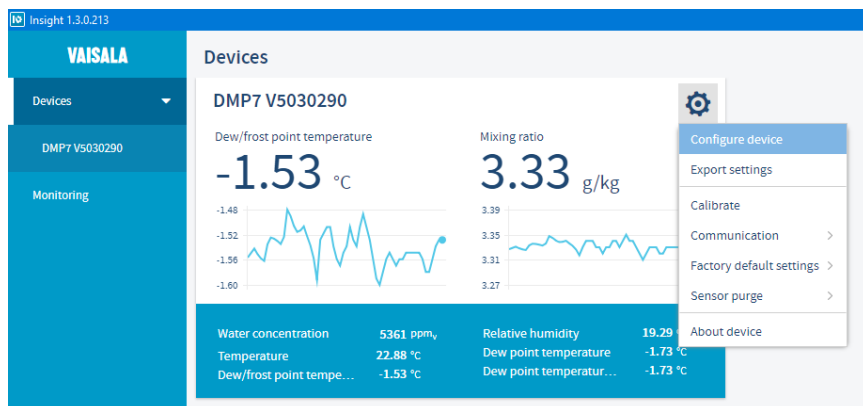


Figure 20 DMP7 in Insight software

More information

- [Configuration registers \(page 84\)](#)

5.4 Diagnostics in Insight

Messages sent by the connected devices are shown automatically in Insight. Additional diagnostic data is available on the **Diagnostics** page. The data available depends on the probe model and Insight operating mode (basic or advanced). The data can be very useful when diagnosing issues together with Vaisala support, particularly the diagnostic files.

Diagnostic files

If Insight is in **Advanced mode**, you can retrieve the following diagnostic files from the connected probe:

- **SSR/T_g histogram**: Table of humidity and temperature conditions measured by the probe
- **Error log**: Cumulative total of the error and status events tracked by the probe
- **Autocalibration log**: Table of diagnostic data related to autocalibration tracked by the probe

The files contain data from since the probe was manufactured, or since the files were last cleared. Clearing the files is not recommended unless instructed by Vaisala support. The buttons to clear the files are located at the bottom of the **Diagnostics** page.

The files are in comma separated value (CSV) format. They can be opened for viewing in spreadsheet programs such as Microsoft Excel or in text editors.

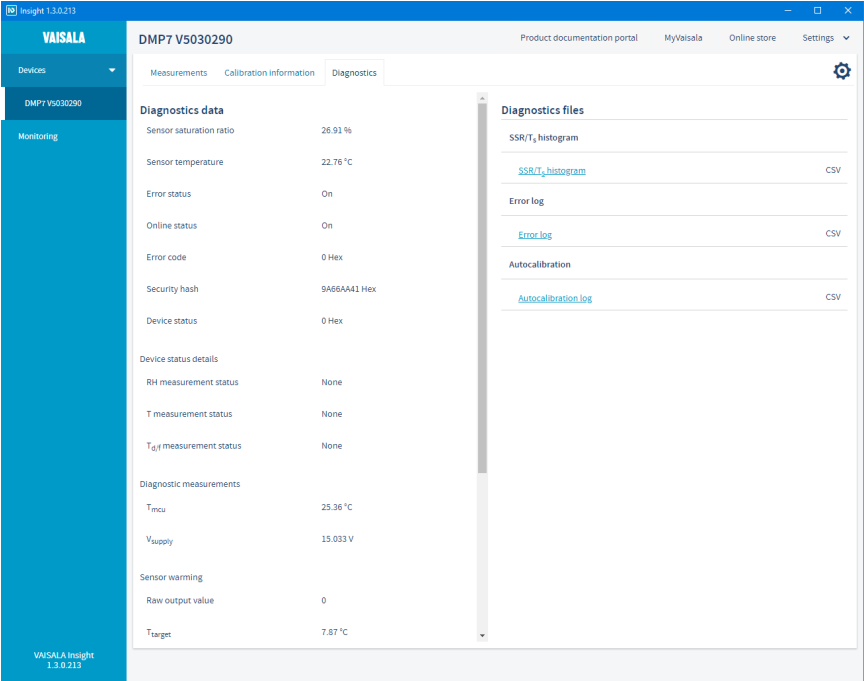


Figure 21 DMP7 diagnostics in Insight (advanced mode)

6. Using probe with Indigo transmitters

Indigo transmitters are host devices that extend the feature set of connected probes with a range of additional options for outputs, configuration access, measurement viewing, and status monitoring.

Available features vary depending on the transmitter model. Models without display use a LED indicator for notifications.

For more information on the features of the different Indigo transmitter models, see www.vaisala.com/indigo.

For instructions on installing and configuring Indigo transmitters, see the applicable Indigo transmitter user documentation available at the Vaisala documentation portal docs.vaisala.com.

6.1 Connecting probe to Indigo200 series transmitters

Indigo200 series transmitters have a probe connector where compatible probes can be attached directly. A cable may also be used to connect the probe. Cables are available to order at store.vaisala.com.



CAUTION! The IP classification of probes is valid only when the probes are connected to the probe connection cable, or to the cable connector inside the locking wheel of the transmitter.

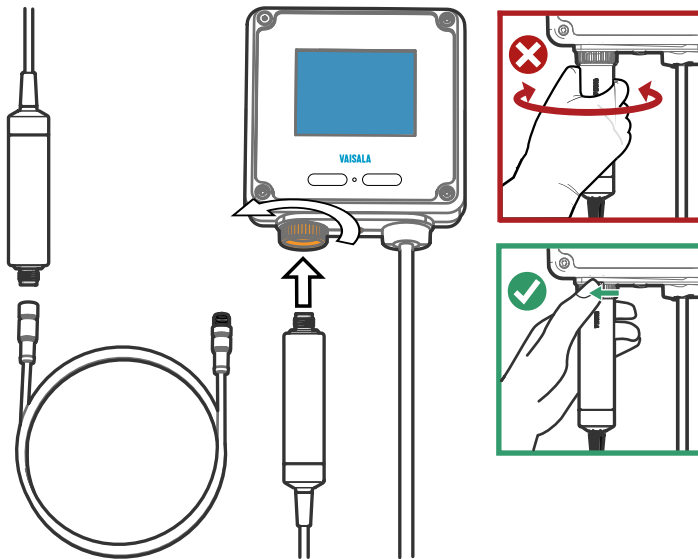


Figure 22 Connecting probe to Indigo200 series transmitter

1. Insert the probe or the cable into the transmitter's connector. Using a cable is recommended for strain relief.
2. Turn the locking wheel of the transmitter to lock the probe or cable in place. **Do not turn the probe or the cable itself**, as that will damage the connectors.
3. If you are using a cable, connect the probe to the cable.
4. When the transmitter recognizes the connected probe, it shows a notification message on the display.

6.2 Connecting probe to Indigo300 transmitter

Indigo300 transmitters have a probe connector where compatible probes can be attached directly. A cable may also be used to connect the probe. Cables are available to order at store.vaisala.com.



CAUTION! The IP classification of probes is valid only when the probes are connected to the probe connection cable, or to the cable connector inside the locking wheel of the transmitter.

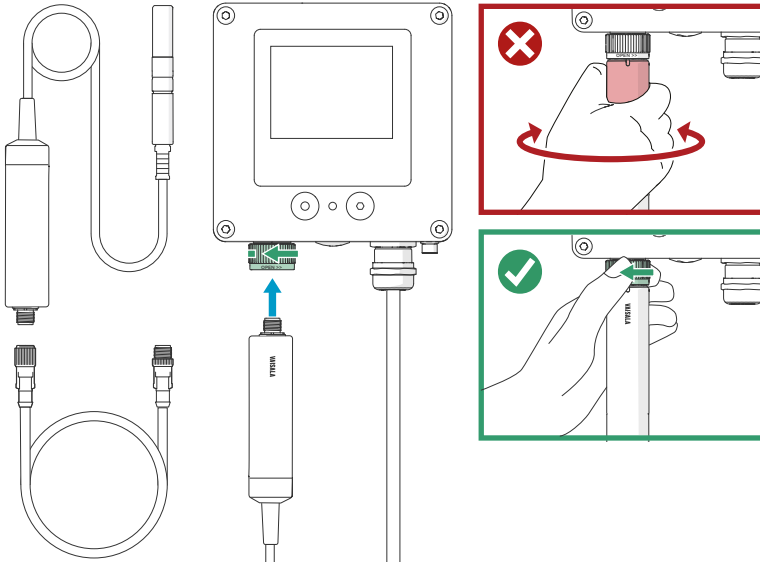


Figure 23 Connecting probe to Indigo300 transmitter

- ▶ 1. Insert the probe or the cable into the transmitter's connector.
2. Turn the locking wheel of the transmitter to lock the probe or cable in place. **Do not turn the probe or the cable itself**, as that will damage the connectors.
3. If you are using a cable, connect the probe to the cable.
4. When the transmitter recognizes the connected probe, it shows a notification message on the display.

6.3 Connecting probes to Indigo500 series transmitters



CAUTION! The IP classification of probes is valid only when the probes are connected to the probe connection cable.



If your transmitter was delivered with preconfigured analog outputs, make sure that you connect the measurement devices accordingly.

Probes are connected to Indigo500 series transmitters using a cable. Connections are made to the screw terminals inside the housing. The Indigo520 model allows 2 probes to be connected. After connecting a probe, use the touchscreen interface or the web user interface to configure the transmitter.

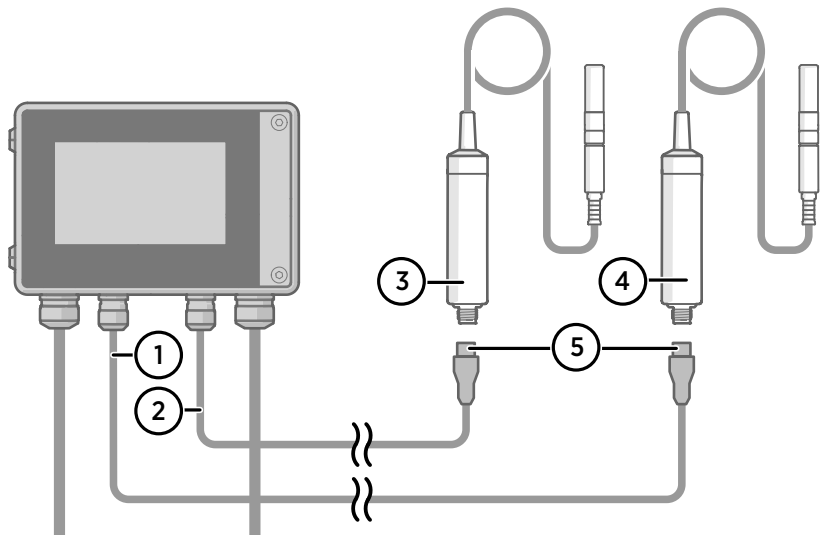


Figure 24 Connecting probes to Indigo500 transmitter

- 1 Probe connection cable for probe 1
- 2 Probe connection cable for probe 2 (dual-device support in Indigo520)
- 3 Probe to be connected as probe 2 (GMP252 example)
- 4 Probe to be connected as probe 1 (HMP7 example)
- 5 Probe cable connector (M12 5-pin A-coded female)

6.4 Default analog output configuration with Indigo transmitters

When you connect the probe to an Indigo200 or Indigo300 transmitter for the first time, the following analog output values per output parameter are active by default, unless you have ordered the transmitter with preconfigured analog outputs.

Table 5 Default analog output configuration per output parameter

Output parameter	Output unit	AOUT min	AOUT max
Absolute humidity	g/m ³	0	600
Absolute humidity at NTP	g/m ³	0	600

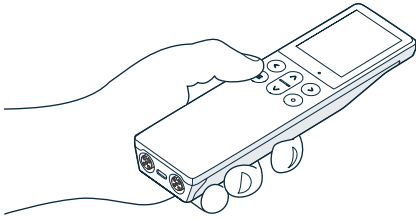
Output parameter	Output unit	AOUT min	AOUT max
Dew/frost point temperature	°C	–80	100
Dew/frost point temperature at 1 atm	°C	–80	100
Dew point temperature	°C	–80	100
Dew point temperature at 1 atm	°C	–80	100
Dew/frost point depression	°C	–10	50
Enthalpy	kJ/kg	–40	1500
Mixing ratio	g/kg	0	500
Relative humidity	%RH	0	100
Temperature	°C	–40	60
Water concentration	ppm _v	0	1 000 000
Water mass fraction	ppm _w	0	1 000 000
Water vapor pressure	hPa	0	1000
Water vapor saturation pressure	hPa	0	1000
Diagnostic parameters ¹⁾			
Sensor saturation ratio	%	0	100
Sensor temperature	°C	–80	220

1) Selectable as output parameters using the Indigo80 handheld indicator and the Modbus protocol.

7. Using probe with Indigo80 handheld indicator

7.1 Indigo80 handheld indicator

Figure 25 Indigo80 handheld indicator



Vaisala Indigo80 Handheld Indicator is a portable diagnostics tool that accommodates up to two compatible Vaisala devices for measuring a wide range of parameters.

With the indicator, you can:

- See real-time measurements and device and status information
- Log measurement data
- Update probe calibration information
- Configure probe features and settings such as condensation prevention, compensation setpoints, sensor purge, filtering factor, and serial communication. The available features and settings depend on the probe model and firmware version.



Accessing certain configuration options for your probe is possible only using the free Insight PC software, downloadable at vaisala.com/insight.

The help tours in the indicator's user interface guide you through the key features of the indicator. You can access the tours in the **Help** menu by pressing the ⓘ button.

For more information on using the indicator, for example, editing the measurement views and performing data logging, see [Indigo80 User Guide \(M212722EN\)](#).

More information

- [Configuring probe features with Indigo80 handheld indicator \(page 51\)](#)
- [Configuring environment settings with Indigo80 handheld indicator \(page 53\)](#)

7.1.1 Probe compatibility

The Indigo80 handheld indicator is tested for compatibility with probes that have firmware version 1.2.5 or newer.

Probes with older firmware versions may have limited compatibility with the indicator.

For the most up-to-date version compatibility information, see [Firmware version compatibility of Indigo80-compatible devices Technical Note \(M212901EN\)](#).

7.1.2 Indigo80 keypad

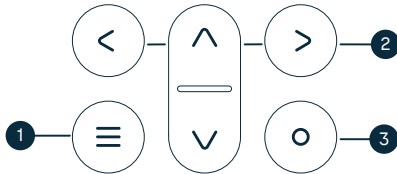


Figure 26 Indigo80 keypad

- 1 Power on/off and main menu button
- 2 Arrow buttons for navigating menus and scrolling views
- 3 Select button for selecting items in the user interface

7.1.3 Indigo80 main menu

Pressing the button while navigating the Indigo80 menus and views opens the main menu.

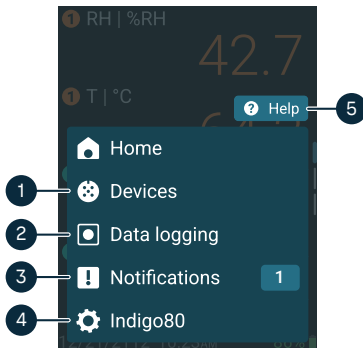


Figure 27 Indigo80 main menu

- 1 **Devices** menu contains, for example, options related to sensor purge, calibration, and environment settings (depending on the connected device).
- 2 **Data logging** menu for setting logging interval and duration, and browsing data files.
- 3 **Notifications** menu displays notifications related to Indigo80 and the connected devices.
- 4 **Indigo80** menu for changing the settings of Indigo80 (for example, date, time, and language) and viewing device information.
- 5 **Help** menu contains tours showing the key features of Indigo80, as well as instructions for sending devices to Vaisala for calibration and maintenance.

7.2 Connecting probes to Indigo80



- Probe connection cable (M12-M12, Vaisala item code 272075SP)

Up to two Vaisala Indigo-compatible measurement devices can be connected to the ports located on the bottom of Indigo80. You can connect and disconnect devices both when the indicator is powered on and when it is off.

Vaisala recommends using cables provided by Vaisala when connecting devices to the indicator. Cables and other accessories are available to order at store.vaisala.com.

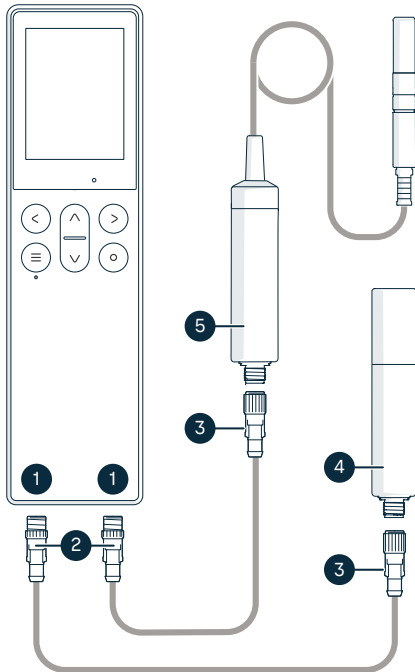


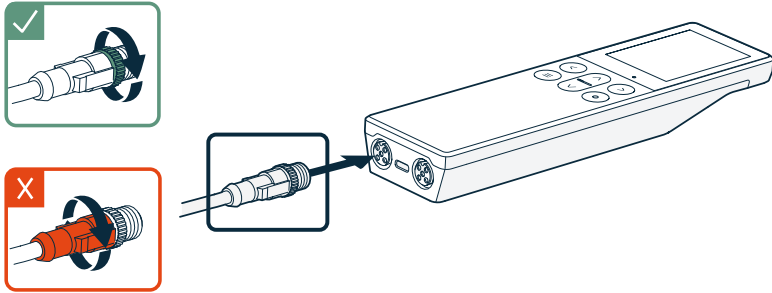
Figure 28 Example of connecting probes to Indigo80

- 1 M12-5F ports on the bottom of Indigo80 for connecting compatible Vaisala devices. Ports are labeled ❶ (left) and ❷ (right) on Indigo80.
- 2 M12-5M cable connector
- 3 M12-5F cable connector
- 4 Probe displayed as ❶ by Indigo80 (GMP252 shown)
- 5 Probe displayed as ❷ by Indigo80 (HMP7 shown)

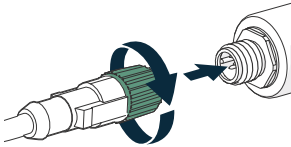
- 1. If the indicator is powered and no devices are connected to it, the text **Please connect a measurement device** will be shown on the display.

2. Insert the probe connection cable in one of the ports on the bottom of the indicator.

- **Note the orientation of the cable connector when inserting it**
- **Hold the connector in place while turning its locking ring clockwise – never twist the connector body!**



3. Connect the probe to the M12-5F end of the probe connection cable.



When the indicator recognizes the connected probe, it shows a notification on the display. A probe connected to the leftmost port in the indicator is labeled **1** on the indicator's display, while the probe in the rightmost port is labeled **2**.

4. To change probes, simply detach the cable from the probe and connect a new probe.



For optimal measurement accuracy, the indicator guides you to check the connected probe's environment settings next.

7.3 Configuring probe features with Indigo80 handheld indicator



- Probe connection cable (M12-M12, Vaisala item code 272075SP)

You can use the Indigo80 handheld indicator to configure probe features such as compensation setpoints, filtering factor, and serial communication. The available features depend on the probe model and firmware version.



Accessing certain configuration options for your probe is possible only using the free Insight PC software, downloadable at vaisala.com/insight.

1. Connect the probe(s) to the indicator.
2. Open the indicator main menu by pressing
3. Select **Devices**. If you have more than one device connected to the indicator, make a further selection between the devices.
4. Select **Settings** to access and change the features available for your probe.
5. Exit the menu by pressing or return to the main menu by pressing

More information

- [Sensor purge \(page 19\)](#)
- [Condensation prevention functions \(page 19\)](#)
- [Environmental compensation \(page 20\)](#)
- [Filtering factor \(page 21\)](#)

7.3.1 Example of configuring filtering factor with Indigo80 handheld indicator



- Probe connection cable (M12-M12, Vaisala item code 272075SP)

The filtering factor allows averaging the output if the measuring environment produces occasional exceptionally high or low readings.

This example shows how to configure the filtering factor as **0.9** using the Indigo80 handheld indicator.

This means that the new measurement output is a combination of the latest measurement (90 %) and the previous measurement (10 %).

1. Connect the probe(s) to the indicator.
2. Open the indicator main menu by pressing
3. Select **Devices**. If you have more than one device connected to the indicator, make a further selection between the devices.
4. Select **Settings > Filtering**.

5. Select **Filtering factor**.
 - a. Use the arrow buttons to set the value as **0.9**.
 - b. Select **Set**.
6. Select **Extended filtering on/off > On** to enable measurement filtering using the filtering factor defined in the previous step.
7. Exit the menu by pressing ⏪ or return to the main menu by pressing ⏩.

More information

- [Filtering factor \(page 21\)](#)

7.4 Configuring environment settings with Indigo80 handheld indicator



- Probe connection cable (M12-M12, Vaisala item code 272075SP)

For optimal measurement accuracy, you can use the Indigo80 handheld indicator to give additional information about the connected probe's measurement environment.

For example, you can:

- Configure the pressure compensation setting for your probe
- Enable temperature compensation from another Indigo-compatible probe that has a temperature output



The environment settings available through Indigo80 correspond to the environmental compensation settings of the probe. Therefore, **Environment settings** and **Settings > Compensation setpoints** are interconnected: the configuration set in either menu is applied to both.

- ▶ 1. Connect the probe(s) to the indicator.
2. Open the indicator main menu by pressing ⏩.
3. Select **Devices**. If you have more than one device connected to the indicator, make a further selection between the devices.

4. Select **Environment settings** to access the settings for your probe.

The available environment settings depend on the probe and probe firmware version.

Pressure

Value for pressure compensation. The entered value is persistent and remains unchanged at device restart.

Temperature

This setting allows the probe to use a temperature reading from another device instead of its own temperature reading. An external temperature source is needed when condensation prevention functions of the probe are active, as they will also heat the temperature sensor of the device. Indigo80 can link a temperature measurement from another probe to this setting and update it in real time.



Some probe firmware versions may allow a value to be entered manually. This is not recommended as the value must correspond to the temperature of the measurement environment as accurately as possible.

A manually entered value is cleared at device reset. A value read from another probe is persistent: when you disconnect and then reconnect the same probes to the same ports in Indigo80, Indigo80 will continue reading the temperature value from the previously selected probe. The same applies also when you restart Indigo80 with the same probes connected.

5. Select a setting from the list, for example, **Pressure**.
 - a. Select the unit, if prompted.
 - b. Use the arrow buttons to set the desired value, and then select **OK** or **Set**.

You can also select to read the value from another probe connected to the indicator, provided that the probe can output the required compensation parameter. Press ⌂ to highlight the **Read value from** field, and then press ⌂ to select the other probe as the source of the value.



For **Temperature**, always set the temperature value to be read from another probe. Do not set the temperature value manually. Make sure that both probes are in the same environment to get the most accurate measurement values.

6. Exit the menu by pressing ⌂ or return to the main menu by pressing ⌂.

More information

- [Environmental compensation \(page 20\)](#)

8. Maintenance

8.1 Cleaning the probe



CAUTION! Do not attempt to clean the sensors under the filter.



Do not spray anything directly on the probe head, since that may deposit impurities on the sensors.

You can clean the probe, probe body, and cable by wiping them with a soft, lint-free cloth moistened with water or a suitable cleaning agent, such as isopropyl alcohol. Do not wipe the filter: wiping the filter may block its pores and/or deposit residue on the filter. If the filter is heavily contaminated, replace it.

When cleaning, follow these precautions:

- Avoid touching the filter. If you need to touch the filter, always wear clean gloves (cotton, rubber or similar material). Keep the filter free of any grease or oil.
- Do not scrape the probe or the probe body.
- Do not immerse the probe or the probe body in liquid to clean them.
- Wipe cleaning agents off the probe, probe body, and the cable after cleaning.

8.2 Changing the probe filter



- New compatible filter
- Clean lint-free gloves



CAUTION! Sensors are easily damaged when the filter is not in place. Handle the probe head carefully.

- ▶ 1. Put on clean gloves before touching the filter.
2. Turn the filter counter-clockwise to loosen it.
3. Remove the filter from the probe head. Be careful not to touch the sensors with the filter.
4. Install a new filter on the probe head. Tighten the filter properly (recommended force 5 Nm).

8.3 Calibration and adjustment



Calibration means comparing the measurement output of the device to a known reference, such as a known environment in a calibration chamber or the output of a reference instrument. Correcting the reading of the device so that it measures accurately is referred to as **adjustment**.

The probe is fully calibrated and adjusted as shipped from the factory, and a calibration reminder with a 12-month interval is activated in the probe. To maintain the accuracy of the measurement, calibrate and adjust the probe as indicated by the calibration reminder, or as needed. Typical calibration interval is one year, but depending on the application it may be necessary to check the accuracy more frequently.

When adjustment is necessary, have Vaisala calibrate and adjust the probe.

Factory calibration leads to highest accuracy and lowest uncertainty. After factory calibration the instrument performs as new. For up-to-date information about calibration points and offering, visit store.vaisala.com.



WARNING! When returning a product for calibration or repair, make sure it has not been exposed to dangerous contamination, and is safe to handle without special precautions.

You can modify the probe's calibration interval and reminder using the Insight PC software, the Indigo80 handheld indicator, or via an Indigo transmitter that is connected to Insight or Indigo80.



If you think the device is not measuring correctly, calibration and adjustment is not the first thing to do. Check the following first:

- Make sure nothing is interfering with the measurement: heat sources, temperature differences, or condensation.
- Check that there is no moisture on the probe. If the sensor has become wet, wait for it to dry.
- Always wait for the measurement to stabilize.

9. Troubleshooting

9.1 Problem situations

Table 6 Troubleshooting table

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
Measurement output seems incorrect	Installation location is not representative of actual conditions you want to measure	Verify the installation location and reinstall or relocate the probe if necessary.
	Heat conduction along probe head and cable is interfering with measurement accuracy	Follow the installation recommendations for cases when temperature of measured environment differs greatly from ambient. See Installation (page 22) .
	Probe is in need of adjustment	Have the probe adjusted by Vaisala. See Calibration and adjustment (page 56) .
Probe status indicator LED is red	Probe is in error state	Connect the probe to Insight software or an Indigo transmitter and read the error message(s). See Vaisala Insight software (page 39) and Error messages (page 58) .
Probe status indicator LED is off even though power is on	Probe model is DMP7 with a 0.15-m (0.49-ft) probe connection cable or DMP1.	To prevent the warming of the indicator LED from causing a slight measurement error, DMP7 probes with a 0.15-m (0.49-ft) probe connection cable and DMP1 probes keep the indicator normally off (even when power is on). If the probe is in error state, the red LED is shown. You can turn the indicator LED on with Insight, but this will affect measurements.
Values of measurement parameters stop changing for a few minutes	Probe is performing a sensor heating function such as sensor purge or waiting for the sensor to cool down	Wait for the function to complete and measurement parameters to be available again.

9.2 Error messages

Probes can communicate with error messages when they are connected to an Indigo transmitter or Insight software. The messages are categorized according to the severity of the status:

- **Critical errors** are fatal to the operation of the device. It may not be able to respond to communication at all, and will not measure correctly.
- **Errors** prevent normal operation of the device. Depending on the problem, errors may resolve themselves. For example, a completely wet humidity sensor may cause a humidity measurement error.
- **Warnings** do not prevent normal operation but may indicate possible problems.
- **Status** indicates a known state of the device.

Error message	Description	Recommended action
Critical errors		
Firmware checksum mismatch [49]	The installed firmware is corrupted.	Contact Vaisala technical support.
Device settings corrupted [50]	Parameter memory is corrupted.	
Additional configuration settings corrupted [51]		
Sensor coefficients corrupted [52]		
Main configuration settings corrupted [53]		
Factory default settings corrupted [54]		
Non-volatile memory read write failure [57]	Hardware fault.	
Errors		
Temperature measurement error [44]	Readings from sensor(s) are missing or out of range.	Inspect probe head and sensors visually. If the probe is completely wet, allow it to dry out.
Humidity measurement error [45]		If the sensors are damaged or missing and the error message(s) stay active, contact Vaisala to have the probe repaired.
Humidity sensor failure [46]		

Errors		
Capacitance reference error [47]	Hardware fault.	Contact Vaisala technical support.
Sensor heater error [212]		
General device failure [994]		
Ambient temperature out of range [48]	Probe body is too hot or cold.	Relocate the probe body so that its ambient temperature is within the specified operating range.
Supply voltage out of range [55]	Probe supply voltage is too high or low.	Check and correct the supply voltage.
Warnings		
Autocalibration failed	Measurement environment is not suitable for autocalibration.	Autocalibration can only be performed successfully in dry and stable conditions. This warning is expected if the probe head is in normal room humidity. Occasional autocalibration failures are not a cause for concern as long as autocalibration is usually successful.
Calibration certificate checksum mismatch [58]	Certificate stored in the probe has an invalid checksum.	Contact Vaisala technical support
Calibration has expired [353]	This warning is displayed by the calibration reminder functionality on the day the calibration expires if the calibration interval has been exceeded.	Calibrate the probe and update the calibration date information.
Software restart [679]	The probe has automatically restarted itself.	Check that supply voltage is stable and operating environment is within specification.
Unexpected device restart [216]		
Status messages		
Calibration is about to expire [352]	This message is displayed by the calibration reminder functionality 30 days before the calibration expires.	Calibrate the probe and update the calibration date information.

Status messages		
Purge in progress [287]	Sensor purge of the humidity sensor is ongoing.	Wait for sensor purge to complete.
The readings stay frozen until the sensor cools down [288]	Probe is waiting for its sensors to cool down.	Wait for measurement readings to become available.

9.3 Restoring factory default settings with Insight software

If needed, you can restore the probe back to its factory default settings using the Insight software. Doing this will also clear any user adjustment and restore the latest adjustment performed by Vaisala.

- ▶ 1. Connect the probe to the Insight software.
2. Select  > **Factory default settings** > **Restore settings**.
3. Wait for the probe to be re-detected.

More information

- ▶ [Connecting to Insight software \(page 39\)](#)

9.4 Restoring factory default settings with Indigo80 handheld indicator



- Probe connection cable (M12-M12, Vaisala item code 272075SP)

If needed, you can restore the probe back to its factory default settings using the Indigo80 handheld indicator. The user adjustment of the probe and the settings or log files of the indicator itself are not affected.

- ▶ 1. Connect the probe(s) to the indicator.
2. Open the indicator main menu by pressing .
3. Select **Devices**. If you have more than one device connected to the indicator, make a further selection between the devices.
4. Select **Settings**.
5. Scroll down and select **Factory default settings** > **Restore settings** > **OK**.

6. Confirm by selecting **OK**.

More information

- [Connecting probes to Indigo80 \(page 49\)](#)

10. Technical data

10.1 DMP1 specifications

Table 7 DMP1 measurement performance ¹⁾

Property	Description/Value
Dew point	
Sensor	DRYCAP® 180M
Measurement range	-70 ... +80 °C (-94 ... +176 °F) T _{d/f}
Measurement range for continuous use	-70 ... +45 °C (-94 ... +113 °F) T _{d/f}
Accuracy	Up to ±2 °C (±3.6 °F) T _{d/f} See accuracy graph
Response time 63 % [90 %] ²⁾	
From dry to wet	5 s [15 s]
From wet to dry	45 s [8 min]
Temperature	
Measurement range	0 ... +80 °C (+32 ... +176 °F)
Accuracy	±0.2 °C at room temperature
Temperature sensor	Pt100 RTD Class F0.1 IEC 60751
Relative humidity	
Measurement range	0-70 %RH
Accuracy (RH <10 %RH, at +20 °C)	±0.004 %RH +20% of reading

1) Specified for an air flow greater than 0.2 m/s.

2) Specified for the sintered filter HM47280.

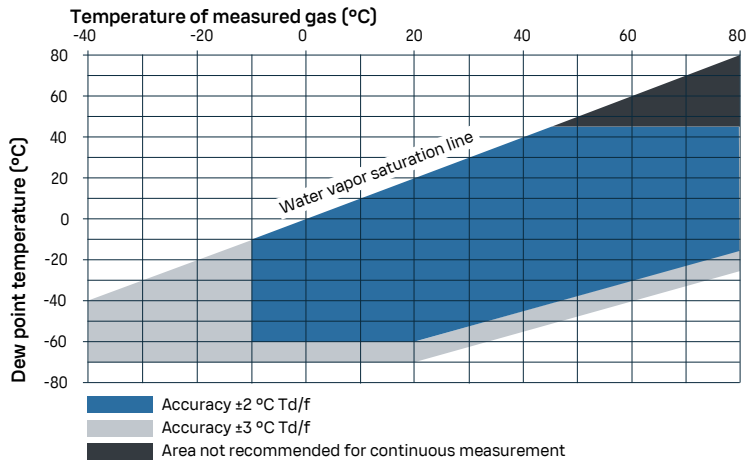


Figure 29 Dew point accuracy vs. measurement conditions

Table 8 DMP1 operating environment

Property	Description/Value
Operating temperature	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Storage temperature	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Measurement environment	For air, nitrogen, hydrogen, argon, helium, oxygen ¹⁾
IP rating for probe body	IP66

1) Consult Vaisala if other chemicals are present. Consider safety regulations with flammable gases.

Table 9 DMP1 inputs and outputs

Property	Description/Value
Operating voltage	15-30 V DC
Current consumption	10 mA typical, 500 mA max.
Digital output	RS-485, non-isolated
Protocols	Modbus RTU

Table 10 DMP1 mechanical specifications

Property	Description/Value
Connector	M12 5-pin A-coded male
Weight	180 g
Materials	
Probe	AISI 316L
Probe body	AISI 316L

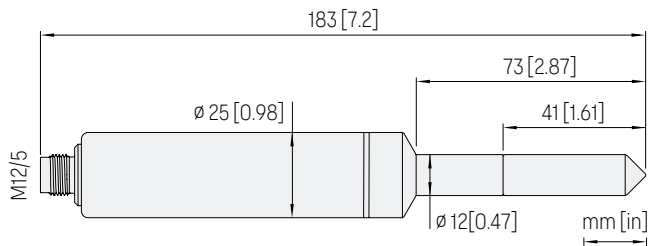


Figure 30 DMP1 dimensions

10.2 DMP5 specifications

Table 11 DMP5 measurement performance

Property	Description/Value
Dew point	
Sensor	DRYCAP® 180S
Measurement range	-40 ... +100 °C (-40 ... +212 °F) $T_{d/f}$
Accuracy	± 2 °C (± 3.6 °F) $T_{d/f}$ See accuracy graph
Response time 63 % [90 %] ¹⁾	
From dry to wet	5 s [10 s]
From wet to dry	45 s [5 min]
Temperature	
Measurement range	0 ... +180 °C (+32 ... +356 °F)
Accuracy at +100 °C (+212 °F)	± 0.4 °C (± 0.72 °F)

Property	Description/Value
Temperature sensor	Pt100 RTD Class F0.1 IEC 60751
Mixing ratio	
Measurement range (typical)	0–1000 g/kg (0–7000 gr/lbs)
Accuracy (typical)	±12 % of reading
Absolute humidity	
Measurement range	0–600 g/m ³
Accuracy	±10 % of reading (typical)

1) Tested with sintered filter.

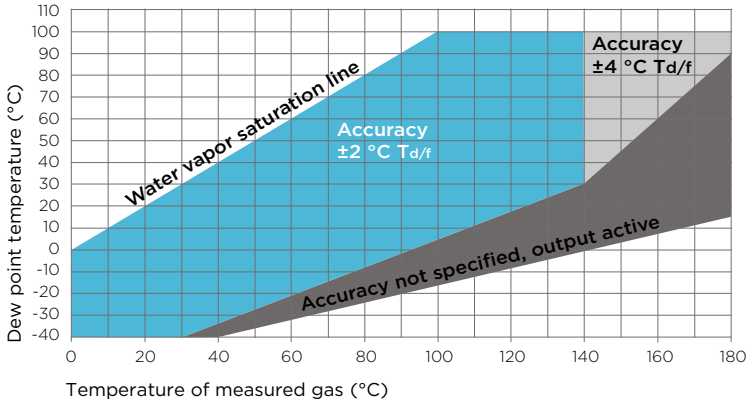


Figure 31 DMP5 dew point accuracy vs. measurement conditions

Table 12 DMP5 operating environment

Property	Description/Value
Operating temperature range for probe head	–40 ... +180 °C (–40 ... +356 °F)
Operating temperature range for probe body	–40 ... +80 °C (–40 ... +176 °F)
Storage temperature	–40 ... +80 °C (–40 ... +176 °F)
Measurement environment	For air, nitrogen, hydrogen, argon, helium, and oxygen ¹⁾

Property	Description/Value
IP rating for probe body	IP66: Dust-tight. Protected from powerful water jets from any direction.

- 1) *Consult Vaisala if other chemicals are present. Consider safety regulations with flammable gases.*

Table 13 DMP5 inputs and outputs

Property	Description/Value
Operating voltage	15–30 V DC
Current consumption	10 mA typical, 500 mA max.
Digital output	RS-485, non-isolated
Protocols	Modbus RTU

Table 14 DMP5 mechanical specifications

Property	Description/Value
Connector	M12 5-pin A-coded male
Weight (with a 2-m cable)	436 g (15.37 oz)
Probe cable length	2 m (6.56 ft) or 10 m (32.8 ft)
Materials	
Probe	AISI 316L
Probe body	AISI 316L
Cable jacket	FEP

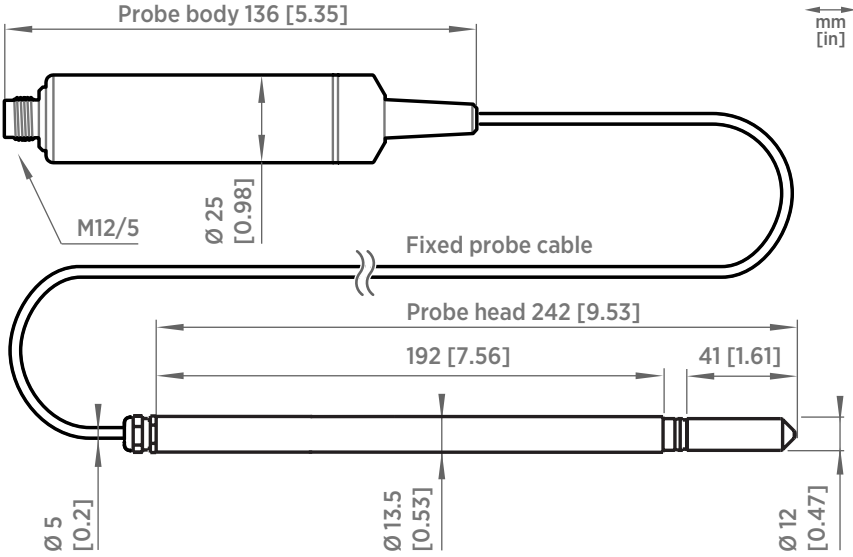


Figure 32 DMP5 dimensions

10.3 DMP6 specifications

Table 15 DMP6 measurement performance

Property	Description/Value
Dew point	
Sensor	DRYCAP® 180S
Measurement range	-25 ... +100 °C (-13 ... +212 °F) T _{d/f}
Accuracy	±2 °C (±3.6 °F) T _{d/f}
Response time 63 % [90 %]:	
From dry to wet	5 s [10 s]
From wet to dry	45 s [5 min]
Mixing ratio	
Measurement range (typical)	0-1000 g/kg (0-7000 gr/lbs)
Accuracy (typical)	±12 % of reading

Table 16 DMP6 operating environment

Property	Description/Value
Operating temperature range of probe head ^{1) 2)}	+100 ... +350 °C (+212 ... +662 °F)
Operating temperature range of probe body	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Storage temperature	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Measurement environment	For air, nitrogen, hydrogen, argon, helium, and oxygen ³⁾
IP rating	IP66: Dust-tight. Protected from powerful water jets from any direction.

- 1) Installation of cooling fins on the cooling set affects the operating temperature range. See the operating range graph.
- 2) The operating range specifications apply in stand-still air. High flow rates in the process may reduce the probe performance and cause damage to the equipment.
- 3) Consult Vaisala if other chemicals are present. Consider safety regulations with flammable gases.

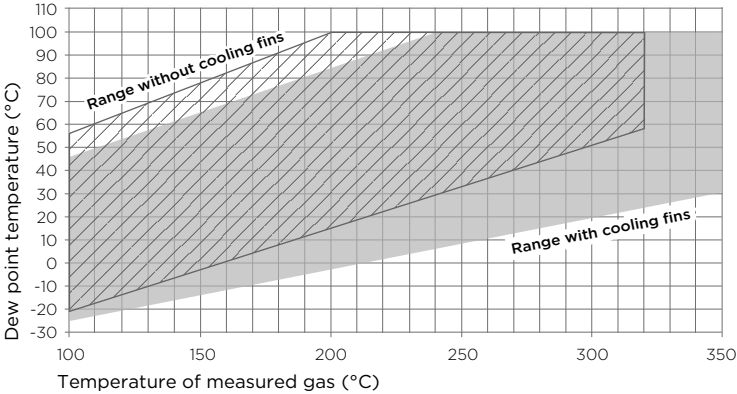


Figure 33 Operating range of DMP6 probe head

Table 17 DMP6 inputs and outputs

Property	Description/Value
Operating voltage	15-30 V DC
Current consumption	10 mA typical, 500 mA max.
Digital output	RS-485, non-isolated
Protocols	Modbus RTU

Table 18 DMP6 mechanical specifications

Property	Description/Value
Connector	M12 5-pin A-coded male
Probe weight (with a 2-m cable)	500 g (1.10 lb)
Cooling set weight	3.50 kg (7.72 lb)
Probe cable length	2 m (6.56 ft)
Materials	
Probe	AISI 316L
Probe body	AISI 316L
Cable jacket	FEP
Cooling set	Stainless steel and aluminum

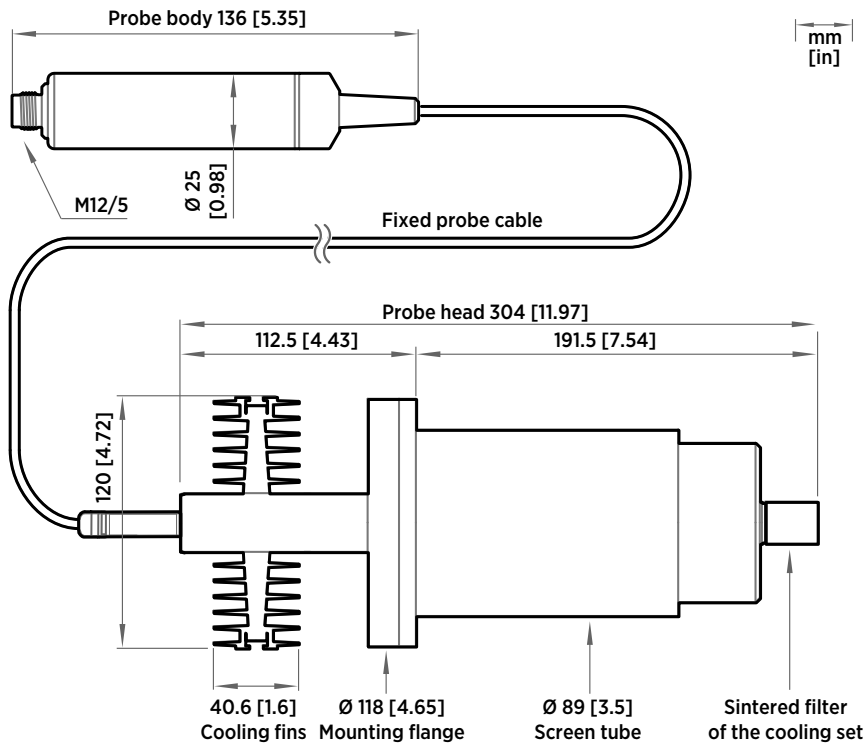


Figure 34 DMP6 dimensions with Cooling Set DMP246CS

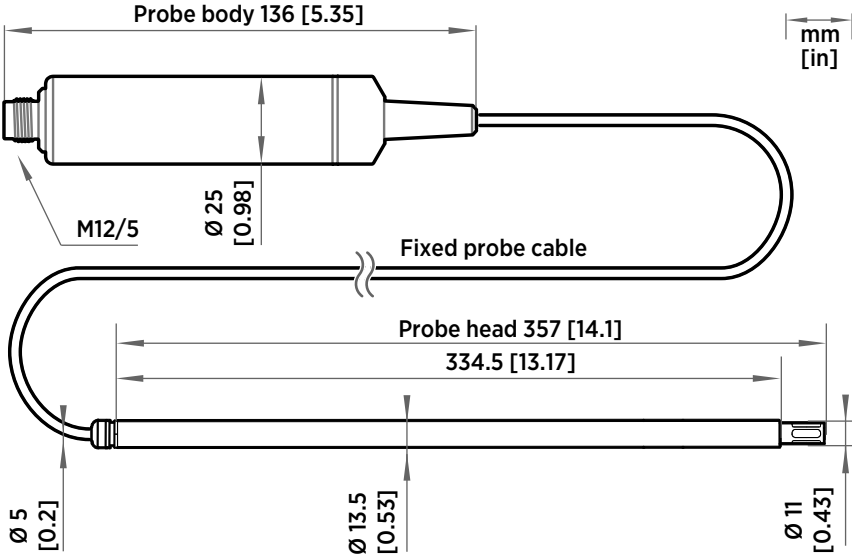


Figure 35 DMP6 probe dimensions

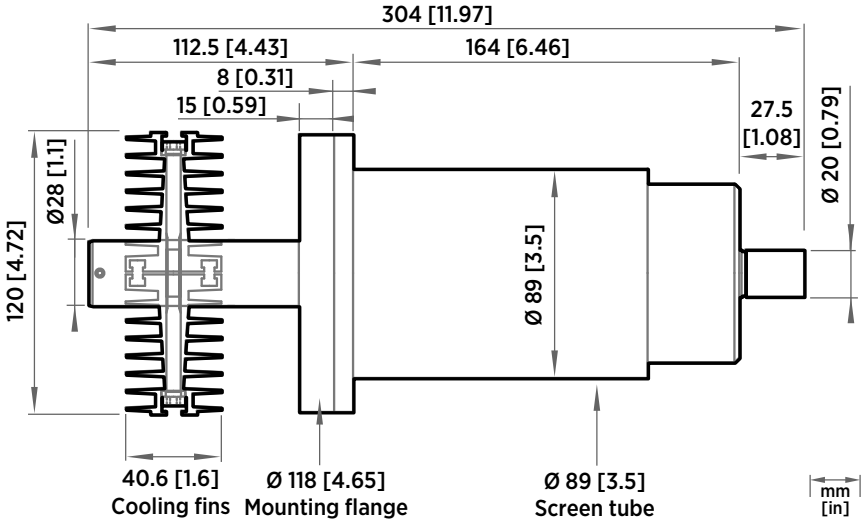


Figure 36 Cooling Set DMP246CS dimensions

10.4 DMP7 specifications

Table 19 DMP7 measurement performance

Property	Description/Value
Dew point	
Sensor	DRYCAP® 180M
Measurement range	–70 ... +80 °C (–94 ... +176 °F) $T_{d/f}$
Measurement range for continuous use	–70 ... +45 °C (–94 ... +113 °F) $T_{d/f}$
Accuracy	Up to ± 2 °C (± 3.6 °F) $T_{d/f}$ See accuracy graph
Response time 63 % [90 %] ¹⁾	
From dry to wet	5 s [15 s]
From wet to dry	45 s [8 min]
Temperature	
Measurement range	0 ... +80 °C (+32 ... +176 °F)
Accuracy	± 0.2 °C at room temperature
Temperature sensor	Pt100 RTD Class F0.1 IEC 60751
Relative humidity	
Measurement range	0–70 %RH
Accuracy (RH <10 %RH, at + 20 °C)	± 0.004 %RH + 20% of reading
Concentration by volume (ppm)	
Measurement range (typical)	10–2500 ppm
Accuracy (at + 20 °C, 1 bar)	1 ppm + 20% of reading

1) Tested with sintered filter.

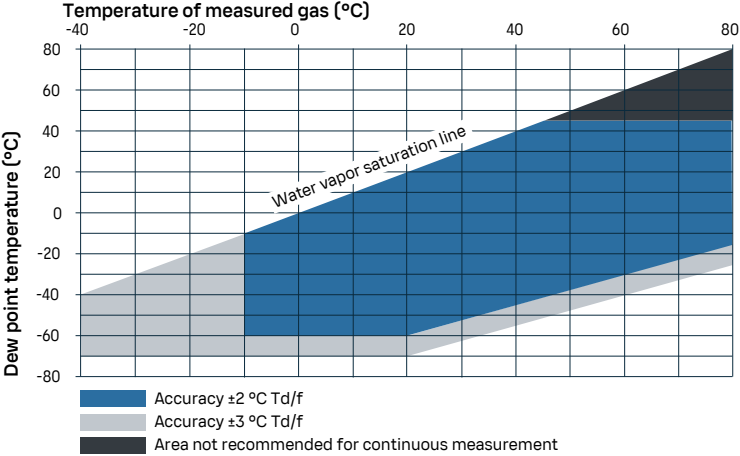


Figure 37 DMP7 dew point accuracy vs. measurement conditions

Table 20 DMP7 operating environment

Property	Description/Value
Operating temperature for probe head	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Operating temperature for probe body	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Storage temperature	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Operating pressure for probe head	0–10 bar (0–145 psi), absolute
Measurement environment	For air, nitrogen, hydrogen, argon, helium, oxygen ¹⁾ , and vacuum
IP rating for probe body	IP66: Dust-tight. Protected from powerful water jets from any direction.
Mechanical durability of probe head	Up to +180 °C (+356 °F) Up to 10 bar/145 psi, absolute

1) Consult Vaisala if other chemicals are present. Consider safety regulations with flammable gases.

Table 21 DMP7 inputs and outputs

Property	Description/Value
Operating voltage	15–30 V DC
Current consumption	10 mA typical, 500 mA max.

Property	Description/Value
Digital output	RS-485, non-isolated
Protocols	Modbus RTU

Table 22 DMP7 mechanical specifications

Property	Description/Value
Connector	M12 5-pin A-coded male
Weight	310 g (10.9 oz) with 2-m (6.56-ft) cable
Probe cable length	0.15 m (0.49 ft), 2 m (6.56 ft) or 10 m (32.80 ft)
Materials	
Probe	AISI 316L
Probe body	AISI 316L
Cable jacket	FEP

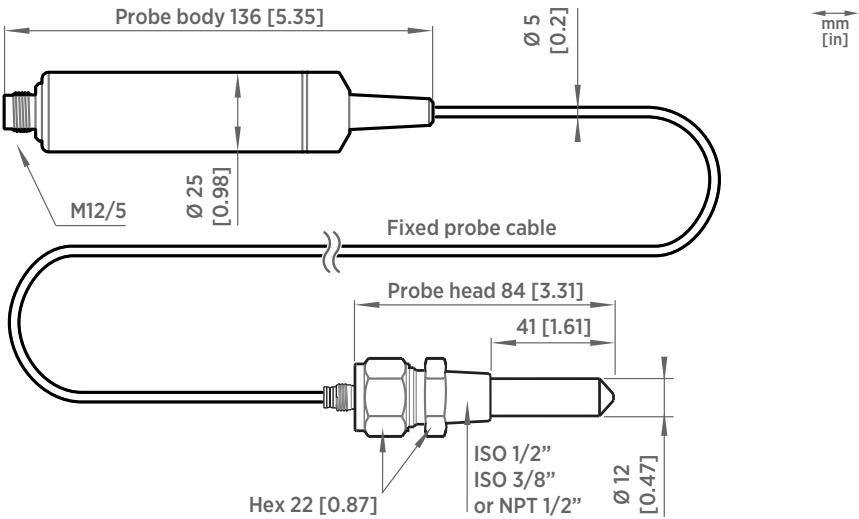


Figure 38 DMP7 dimensions

10.5 DMP8 specifications

Table 23 DMP8 measurement performance

Property	Description/Value
Dew point	
Sensor	DRYCAP® 180M
Measurement range	−70 ... +80 °C (−94 ... +176 °F) T _{d/f}
Measurement range for continuous use	−70 ... +45 °C (−94 ... +113 °F) T _{d/f}
Accuracy up to 20 bar/290 psia	±2 °C/±3.6 °F T _{d/f} See accuracy graph
Accuracy, 20 ... 40 bar/290 ... 580 psia	Additional inaccuracy +1 °C T _{d/f}
Response time 63 % [90 %] ¹⁾ :	
From dry to wet	5 s [15 s]
From wet to dry	45 s [8 min]
Temperature	
Measurement range	0 ... +80 °C (+32 ... +176 °F)
Accuracy	±0.2 °C at room temperature
Temperature sensor	Pt100 RTD Class F0.1 IEC 60751
Relative humidity	
Measurement range	0–70 %RH
Accuracy (RH <10 %RH, at + 20 °C)	±0.004 %RH + 20% of reading
Concentration by volume (ppm)	
Measurement range (typical)	10–2500 ppm
Accuracy (at + 20 °C, 1 bar)	1 ppm + 20% of reading

1) Tested with sintered filter.

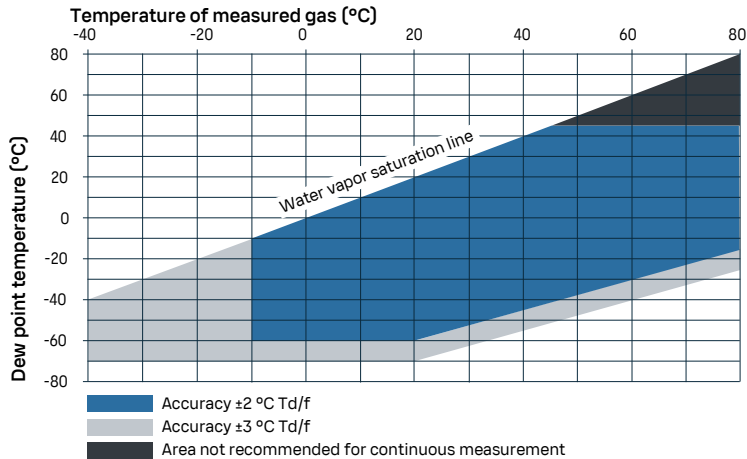


Figure 39 DMP8 dew point accuracy vs. measurement conditions

Table 24 DMP8 operating environment

Property	Description/Value
Operating temperature for probe head	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Operating temperature for probe body	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Storage temperature	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)
Operating pressure for probe head	0-40 bar (0-580 psi), absolute
Measurement environment	For air, nitrogen, hydrogen, argon, helium, oxygen ¹⁾ , and vacuum
IP rating for probe body	IP66: Dust-tight. Protected from powerful water jets from any direction.
Mechanical durability of probe head	Up to +180 °C (+356 °F) Up to 70 bar/1015 psi, absolute
Ball valve	
Operating temperature	Up to +100 °C (+212 °F)
Operating pressure	Up to 40 bar (580 psi), absolute

1) Consult Vaisala if other chemicals are present. Consider safety regulations with flammable gases.

Table 25 DMP8 inputs and outputs

Property	Description/Value
Operating voltage	15–30 V DC
Current consumption	10 mA typical, 500 mA max.
Digital output	RS-485, non-isolated
Protocols	Modbus RTU

Table 26 DMP8 mechanical specifications

Property	Description/Value
Connector	M12 5-pin A-coded male
Weight (with a 2-m cable)	512 g (18.1 oz)
Probe cable length	2 m (6.56 ft)
Materials	
Probe	AISI 316L
Probe body	AISI 316L
Cable jacket	FEP

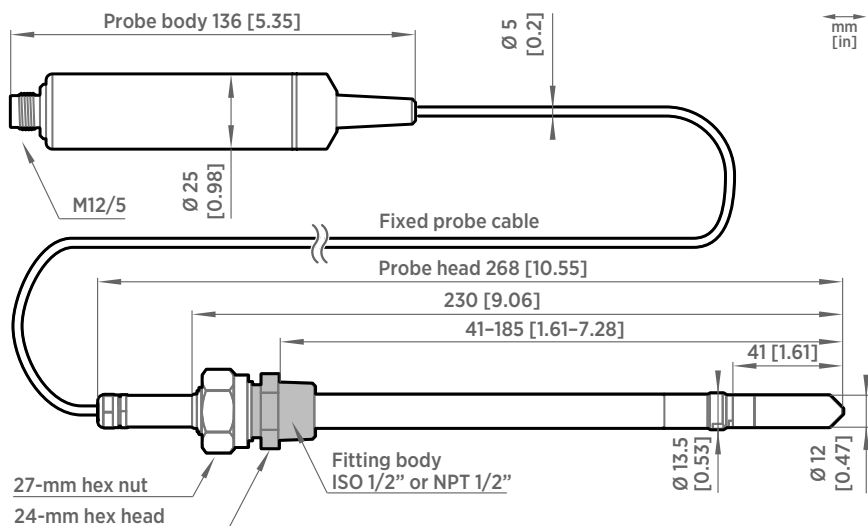


Figure 40 DMP8 dimensions

10.6 Accessories and spare parts



Information on spare parts, accessories, and calibration products is available online at vaisala.com and store.vaisala.com.

Connection cables

Table 27 Connection cables

Description	Item code
Connection cable, M12-5F - M12-5M, 1 m	INDIGOCABLE1M
Connection cable, M12-5F - M12-5M, 3 m	INDIGOCABLE3M
Connection cable, M12-5F - M12-5M, 5 m	INDIGOCABLE5M
Connection cable, M12-5F - M12-5M, 10 m	INDIGOCABLE10M
Connection cable, M12-5F - open wires, 0.3 m	CBL210896-03MSP
Connection cable, M12-5F - open wires, 1 m	CBL210896-1MSP
Connection cable, M12-5F - open wires, 3 m	CBL210896-3MSP
Connection cable, M12-5F - open wires, 5 m	CBL210896-5MSP
Connection cable, M12-5F - open wires, 10 m	CBL210896-10MSP
Connection cable, M12-5F - open wires, 1.5 m	223263SP
Connection cable, M12-5F - open wires, 10 m	216546SP
Connection cable, M12-5F 90° - open wires, 0.6 m	244669SP
Flat cable, M12-5F - M12-5M, 1 m	CBL210493SP
Connection cable for Indigo80, M12-5F - M12-5M, 1.5 m	272075SP
Vaisala Indigo USB adapter ¹⁾	USB2

1) Vaisala Insight software for Windows available at www.vaisala.com/insight

DMP1

Table 28 DMP1 accessories

Property	Description/Value
Sintered stainless steel filter	HM47280SP

DMP5

Table 29 DMP5 accessories

Description	Vaisala item code
Mounting flange	210696

Table 30 DMP5 spare parts

Description	Vaisala item code
Sintered stainless steel filter	HM47280SP

DMP6

Table 31 DMP6 accessories

Description	Vaisala item code
Cooling set	DMP246CS

Table 32 DMP6 spare parts

Description	Vaisala item code
Sintered stainless steel filter (Ø 20 mm) for cooling set	HM46780
Plug D13.5 mm with wire rope	217738
Installation flange for cooling set	217490

DMP7

Table 33 DMP7 accessories

Description	Vaisala item code
Swagelok ISO 3/8"	SWG12ISO38
Swagelok ISO 1/2"	SWG12ISO12
Swagelok NPT 1/2"	SWG12NPT12
Magnetic probe holder for Ø 12 mm probe heads ¹⁾	ASM213382SP

1) Not suitable for use at extreme temperatures.

Table 34 DMP7 spare parts

Description	Vaisala item code
Sintered stainless steel filter	HM47280SP
Stainless steel filter for vacuum	HM47453SP

DMP8

Table 35 DMP8 accessories

Description	Vaisala item code
Fitting body ISO R 1/2" with leak screw	ISOFITBODASP
Fitting body ISO R 1/2" (no leak screw)	DRW212076SP
Fitting body NPT 1/2" (no leak screw)	NPTFITBODASP
Sampling cell	DMT242SC
Sampling cell with Swagelok connectors	DMT242SC2
Ball valve kit ISO 1/2" with welding joint	BALLVALVE-1
Duct installation flange for ISO R 1/2" thread	DM240FASP
Thread adapter ISO 1/2" to NPT 1/2"	210662SP
Blind plug ISO 1/2"	218773
Weatherproof carrying case for Indigo80 and a series 8 probe ¹⁾	ASM215318

1) For example, MMP8, HMP8, or DMP8 with a max. 2-m (6.6-ft) probe connection cable.

Table 36 DMP8 spare parts

Description	Vaisala item code
Sintered stainless steel filter	HM47280SP
Stainless steel filter for vacuum	HM47453SP
Manual pressing handle	HM36854SP

Appendix A. Modbus reference

A.1 Default communication settings

Table 37 Default Modbus serial communication settings

Property	Description/Value
Serial bit rate	19200
Parity	None
Number of data bits	8
Number of stop bits	2
Flow control	None
Modbus device address	240

You can use up to ten probes on the same RS-485 line. You must configure each probe on the line to have a different Modbus address.

A.2 Function codes

Table 38 Modbus function codes

Function code (decimal)	Function code (hexadecimal)	Name	Notes
03	0x03	Read Holding Registers	Class 0
16	0x10	Write Multiple Registers	Class 0
43 / 14	0x2B / 0x0E	Read Device Identification	

A.3 Data encoding

In the data registers, the numeric values are available in one or two formats with separate register addresses: 32-bit IEEE floating point format and/or 16-bit signed integer format.



For values that have both 32-bit and 16-bit register available, use of the 32-bit register is recommended. Some values may exceed the signed 16-bit range even in normal operation.

A.3.1 32-bit floating point or 32-bit integer format

Registers using **32-bit float** data format are encoded using the **binary32** encoding defined in IEEE 754. The format is also known as "single-precision floating point format".

The least significant 16 bits of a floating point number are placed at the Modbus register listed in the table, while the most significant 16 bits are placed in the register with number/address + 1, as specified in Open Modbus TCP Specification, Release 1.0. This is also known as "little-endian" or "Modicon" word order.

Despite the specification, some Modbus masters may expect a "big-endian" word order (most significant word first). In such case, you must select "word-swapped" floating point format in your Modbus master for the Modbus registers of the device.

A complete 32-bit floating point or 32-bit integer value should be read and written in a single Modbus transaction.



CAUTION! Reading the measurement data registers with incorrect floating point format setting may occasionally result in correct-looking, but nevertheless incorrect values.



It is highly recommended to verify that you have configured the floating point format correctly on your Modbus host system by reading a floating point value from a test value register.

A.3.2 16-bit integer format

Some 16-bit integer values in the data registers are scaled to include the necessary decimals. The scaling factors for those values are shown in the register tables.

Table 39 Interpretation of 16-bit signed integer values

Value (decimal)	Value (hexadecimal)	Description
0–32766	0x0000–0x7FFE	Value in range 0–32766
32767	0x7FFF	Value is 32767 or larger
32768	0x8000	Value is not available
32769	0x8001	Value is –32767 or smaller
32770–65535	0x8002–0xFFFF	Value in range –32766 ... –1 (2's complement)

A.4 Modbus registers

Registers are numbered in decimal, starting from 1. Register addresses in actual Modbus messages (Modbus Protocol Data Unit (PDU)) are in hexadecimal and start from zero. Register number 1 corresponds to address 0x0 in the actual Modbus message.



CAUTION! Reading the wrong register(s) may result in correct-looking values. Check the reference documentation of your Modbus host (PLC) to verify which notation it uses for Modbus register addresses.

A.4.1 Measurement data registers

Table 40 Floating point measurement data registers (read-only)

Register number	Address	Description	Data format	Unit
1	0x0000	Relative humidity	32-bit float	%RH
3	0x0002	Temperature	32-bit float	°C
7	0x0006	Dew point temperature	32-bit float	°C
9	0x0008	Dew/frost point temperature	32-bit float	°C
11	0x000A	Dew/frost point temperature at 1 atm	32-bit float	°C
13	0x000C	Dew point temperature at 1 atm	32-bit float	°C
15	0x000E	Absolute humidity	32-bit float	g/m ³
17	0x0010	Mixing ratio	32-bit float	g/kg
21	0x0014	Water concentration	32-bit float	ppm _v
23	0x0016	Water vapor pressure	32-bit float	hPa
25	0x0018	Water vapor saturation pressure	32-bit float	hPa
27	0x001A	Enthalpy	32-bit float	kJ/kg
31	0x001E	Dew/frost point depression	32-bit float	°C
33	0x0020	Absolute humidity at NTP	32-bit float	g/m ³
65	0x0040	Water mass fraction	32-bit float	ppm _w

Table 41 Integer measurement data registers (read-only)

Register number	Address	Description	Data format	Scale factor	Offset	Unit
257	0x0100	Relative humidity	16-bit signed integer	100	0	%RH

Register number	Address	Description	Data format	Scale factor	Offset	Unit
258	0x0101	Temperature	16-bit signed integer	100	0	°C
260	0x0103	Dew point temperature	16-bit signed integer	100	0	°C
261	0x0104	Dew/frost point temperature	16-bit signed integer	100	0	°C
262	0x0105	Dew/frost point temperature at 1 atm	16-bit signed integer	100	0	°C
263	0x0106	Dew point temperature at 1 atm	16-bit signed integer	100	0	°C
264	0x0107	Absolute humidity	16-bit signed integer	100	0	g/m ³
265	0x0108	Mixing ratio	16-bit signed integer	100	0	g/kg
267	0x010A	Water concentration	16-bit signed integer	1	0	ppm _v
268	0x010B	Water vapor pressure	16-bit signed integer	10	0	hPa
269	0x010C	Water vapor saturation pressure	16-bit signed integer	10	0	hPa
270	0x010D	Enthalpy	16-bit signed integer	100	0	kJ/kg
272	0x010F	Dew/frost point depression	16-bit signed integer	10	0	°C
273	0x0110	Absolute humidity at NTP	16-bit signed integer	100	0	g/m ³
289	0x0120	Water mass fraction	16-bit signed integer	1	0	ppm _w

A.4.2 Diagnostic data registers

Table 42 Floating point diagnostic data registers (read-only)

Register number	Address	Description	Data format	Unit
37	0x0024	Sensor saturation ratio	32-bit float	%
39	0x0026	Sensor temperature	32-bit float	°C

Table 43 Integer diagnostic data registers (read-only)

Register number	Address	Register description	Data format	Scale factor	Offset	Unit
275	0x0112	Sensor saturation ratio	16-bit signed integer	100	0	%
276	0x0113	Sensor temperature	16-bit signed integer	100	0	°C

A.4.3 Configuration registers

Table 44 Modbus configuration data registers (writable)

Register number	Address	Description	Data format	Unit / Valid range
Compensation setpoints				
769	0x0300	Pressure compensation setpoint The entered value is persistent and remains unchanged at device restart.	32-bit float	Unit: hPa Default: 1013.25 hPa
821	0x0334	Temperature compensation setpoint. If a value is written to this register, probe uses it instead of its own temperature measurement. At device reset, the value is cleared.	32-bit float	Unit: °C
General				
2561	0x0A00	Device tag	Text	Text string of 24 bytes in UTF-8 encoding
Sensor purge				
773	0x0304	Sensor purge interval	32-bit float	Unit: min 10 ... 14400
1283	0x0502	Interval purge on/off	16-bit boolean	0 = Off 1 = On

Sensor purge				
1284	0x0503	Startup purge on/off	16-bit boolean	0 = Off 1 = On
Filtering				
795	0x031A	Measurement filtering factor	32-bit float	Range: 0.000 ... 1.000 1.000 = Reading shows 100 % of the most recent measured value (no filtering, default) 0.01 ... 0.99 = Reading shows 1 ... 99 % of the most recent measured value and part of the previous reading (filtering is applied). For example, "0.9" means that the filtered measurement reading = 90 % of the most recent measured value + 10 % of the previous reading.
1282	0x0501	Enable or disable measurement filtering using the user-defined filtering factor (register 0x031A)	16-bit boolean	0 = Off 1 = On
Communication				
1537	0x0600	Modbus address	16-bit integer	1 ... 247 Default: 240
1538	0x0601	Bit rate	enum	0 = 300 1 = 600 2 = 1200 3 = 2400 4 = 4800 5 = 9600 6 = 19200 7 = 38400 8 = 57600 9 = 115200

Communication				
1539	0x0602	Parity, data, stop bits	enum	0 = None, 8, 1 1 = None, 8, 2 2 = Even, 8, 1 3 = Even, 8, 2 4 = Odd, 8, 1 5 = Odd, 8, 2 (default: 1 = None, 8, 2)
1540	0x0603	Response delay	16-bit integer	Unit: ms Range: 0 ... 1000
Functions				
1285	0x0504	Start sensor purge	16-bit function status	When writing to register: 1 = Start purge
1542	0x0605	Restart device	16-bit function status	When writing to register: 1 = Restart the device

A.4.4 Status registers

Table 45 Modbus status data registers (read-only)

Register number	Address	Description	Data format	Note
513	0x0200	Error status	16-bit boolean	0x0000 : One or more errors active 0x0001 : No errors
514	0x0201	Online status	16-bit boolean	0x0000 : Output locked 0x0001 : Online data available
516	0x0203	Error code	32-bit signed integer	See Table 46 (page 87) .
518	0x0205	Security hash	32-bit signed integer	Security hash changes when any change is made to device settings or adjustments.

Register number	Address	Description	Data format	Note
520	0x0207	RH measurement status	16-bit signed integer	0x0000 : Status OK 0x0001 : Measurement is not available 0x0002 : Measurement is not reliable 0x0004 : Under range 0x0008 : Over range 0x0020 : Value locked 0x0080 : Sensor failure 0x0100 : Measurement is not ready
521	0x0208	T measurement status	16-bit signed integer	
522	0x0209	T _{d/f} measurement status	16-bit signed integer	
523	0x020A	Device status	16-bit signed integer	0x0000 : Status OK 0x0001 : Critical error, maintenance needed 0x0002 : Error, device may recover automatically 0x0004 : Warning 0x0008 : Notification 0x0010 : Calibration mode active

Table 46 Error codes in register 0x0203

Bitmask	Error message	Severity
0x0000	Status OK	
0x0001	Temperature measurement error	Error
0x0002	Humidity measurement error	Error
0x0004	Humidity sensor failure	Error
0x0008	Capacitance reference error	Error
0x0010	Ambient temperature out of range	Error
0x800000	Sensor heater failure	Warning

A.4.5 Test value registers

Read the known test values from the test registers to verify the functionality of your Modbus implementation.

Table 47 Modbus test registers (read-only)

Register number	Address	Description	Data format	Test value
7937	0x1F00	Signed integer	16-bit integer	-12345
7938	0x1F01	Floating point	32-bit float	-123.45
7940	0x1F03	Text string	7-character ASCII string	Text string "-123.45"

A.5 Device identification objects

Table 48 Device identification objects

Object ID	Object ID (hexadecimal)	Object name	Example contents
0	0x00	VendorName	"Vaisala"
1	0x01	ProductCode	"DMP7"
2	0x02	MajorMinorVersion	"1.2.3" Software version of the device.
3	0x03	VendorUrl	" http://www.vaisala.com/ "
4	0x04	ProductName	"Dew Point and Temperature Probe DMP7"
5	0x05	ModelName	"7E2A2A0A000" Configuration code of the device. Length and content of the code are model-specific.
6	0x06	UserApplicationName	User definable information text (see configuration register 0x0A00)
128	0x80	SerialNumber ¹⁾	"K0710040"
129	0x81	CalibrationDate ¹⁾	"2020-01-31" Calibration date in YYYY-MM-DD format. Empty string if not set/valid.

Object ID	Object ID (hexadecimal)	Object name	Example contents
130	0x82	CalibrationText ¹⁾	"Vaisala/HEL" Calibration information text. Empty string if not set/valid.

1) *Vaisala-specific device information.*

A.6 Exception responses

Table 49 Modbus exception responses

Code	Name	Reason
01	Illegal function	Unsupported function code
02	Illegal data address	Register address or Object ID out of valid ranges
03	Illegal data value	Otherwise invalid request

Accessing unavailable (temporarily missing) measurement data does not generate a Modbus exception. "Unavailable" value (a quiet NaN for floating point data or 0x8000 for integer data) is returned instead. An exception is generated only for any access outside the applicable register ranges.

A.7 Modbus communication examples

Reading dew point temperature value



Device address used in the following examples is 240 (0xF0).
Measurement values returned by the device change depending on ambient conditions and/or device settings.

Request		Response	
Bytes on the line (hexadecimal)	Description	Bytes on the line (hexadecimal)	Description
(silence for 3.5 bytes)	Start of Modbus RTU frame	(silence for 3.5 bytes)	Start of Modbus RTU frame
0xF0	Probe address	0xF0	Probe address
0x03	Function (Read Holding Registers)	0x03	Function (Read Holding Registers)
0x00	Register address	0x04	Number of data bytes
0x06		0xFD	Value of first register (least significant word)
0x00	Number of 16-bit registers to read (2)	0xF9	
0x02		0x41	Value of second register (most significant word)
0x31	Modbus RTU checksum	0x72	
0x2B		0x4B	Modbus RTU checksum
(silence for 3.5 bytes)	End of Modbus RTU frame	0x14	
		(silence for 3.5 bytes)	End of Modbus RTU frame

Communication description	
Register address	7 (1-based Modbus documentation format) = 0x0006 (0-based format used in actual communication).
Data format	Two 16-bit Modbus registers interpreted as IEEE 754 binary32 floating point value, least significant word first.
Returned value	0x4172FDF9, which is binary32 representation of 15.187 (°C T _d).

Writing pressure compensation value

Request		Response	
Bytes on the line (hexadecimal)	Description	Bytes on the line (hexadecimal)	Description
(silence for 3.5 bytes)	Start of Modbus RTU frame	(silence for 3.5 bytes)	Start of Modbus RTU frame
0xF0	Probe address	0xF0	Probe address
0x10	Function (Write Multiple Registers)	0x10	Function (Write Multiple Registers)
0x03	Register address	0x03	Register address
0x00		0x00	
0x00	Number of registers to write (2)	0x00	Number of 16-bit registers written (2)
0x02		0x02	
0x04	Number of data bytes	0x54	Modbus RTU checksum
0x6E	Value for first register (least significant word)	0xAD	
0x14			
0x44	Value for second register (least significant word)	(silence for 3.5 bytes)	End of Modbus RTU frame
0x75			
0x4E	Modbus RTU checksum	 The response to a write function informs that the function was correctly received by the device. It does not guarantee that the written value was accepted by the device (for example, in case out-of-range values). To verify that the value was really accepted by the device, read the register value after writing.	
0xAB			
(silence for 3.5 bytes)	End of Modbus RTU frame		

Communication description	
Register address	769 (1-based Modbus documentation format) = 0x0300 (0-based format used in actual communication).

Communication description	
Data format	Two 16-bit Modbus registers interpreted as IEEE 754 binary32 floating point value, least significant word first.
Value to write	0x44756E14 = 981.72 (hPa)

Maintenance and calibration services



Vaisala offers comprehensive customer care throughout the life cycle of our measurement instruments and systems. Our factory services are provided worldwide with fast deliveries. For more information, see vaisala.com/calibration.

- Vaisala Online Store at store.vaisala.com is available for most countries. You can browse the offering by product model and order the right accessories, spare parts, or maintenance and calibration services.
- To contact your local maintenance and calibration expert, see vaisala.com/contactus.

Warranty

For standard warranty terms and conditions, see vaisala.com/warranty.

Please observe that any such warranty may not be valid in case of damage due to normal wear and tear, exceptional operating conditions, negligent handling or installation, or unauthorized modifications. Please see the applicable supply contract or Conditions of Sale for details of the warranty for each product.

Technical support



Contact Vaisala technical support at helpdesk@vaisala.com. Provide at least the following supporting information as applicable:

- Product name, model, and serial number
- Software/Firmware version
- Name and location of the installation site
- Name and contact information of a technical person who can provide further information on the problem

For more information, see vaisala.com/support.

Recycling



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