ENGINE EXHAUST PARTICLE SIZER™ SPECTROMETER MODEL 3090

SIMPLY THE BEST TOOL FOR MEASURING PARTICLE EMISSIONS AND CHARACTERIZING EXHAUST AFTERTREATMENT DEVICES DURING TRANSIENT ENGINE CYCLES





UNDERSTANDING, ACCELERATED

THE MOST REPEATABLE PARTICLE EMISSIONS MEASUREMENTS



Model 3090

The Engine Exhaust Particle Sizer™ (EEPS™) spectrometer is a fast-response, high-resolution instrument that measures very low particle number concentrations in diluted exhaust. It offers the fastest time resolution available–10 times per second–which makes it well-suited for dynamic and transient tests. It measures the size distribution and number concentration of engine exhaust particle emissions in the range from 5.6 to 560 nanometers, covering the entire range of interest.

Applications

- + Engine exhaust and aftertreatment characterization
- + Brake dust and tire wear emissions

Features and Benefits

- + Measures particles from 5.6 to 560 nm
- + 10 Hz data collection captures transient events in real-time
- + Comprehensive software for data collection and analysis
- + Selectable matrices tailored to application for more accurate measurement (see Application Note EEPS-005)
- + Housed in a single cabinet that weighs just 32 kg
- + Four configurable analog outputs (see Application Note EEPS-001 for details)
- + Optional AK serial command protocol for emissions test system integration with host controller

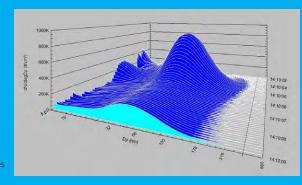


Figure 1. The EEPS software allows users to view how the aerosol size distribution changes over time.

The EEPS spectrometer was developed for continuous measurement of entire test cycles. For example, users might use this instrument to observe filter loading or to reduce emissions below certain limits during engine calibration. With real-time data collection and display capabilities, users can visualize and study the dynamic behavior of particle emissions that occur during transient test cycles. This includes particles produced as a result of changes in engine speed, torque, or load, or particle emissions that occur during the first few seconds of a cold start or during regeneration of a diesel particulate filter (DPF).

Every unit is supplied with software that is unmatched in the industry. The software combines data collection and analysis in a single program for ease of use, so there is no need for external processing in spreadsheets.

ADVANCED SOLUTIONS FOR PARTICLE NUMBER MEASUREMENTS

New and more-stringent particulate emission regulations require more sensitive measurements to characterize exhaust from vehicles or engines. As mass-based PM measurements have reached their limit of detection, only methods based on particle number can further ensure reliable measurements.



FEATURES AND BENEFITS

The Model 3090 EEPS spectrometer offers features that are important to engine development researchers and engineers/technicians who are performing particle emissions tests:

Real-time measurements.

A data rate of 10 Hz enables users to identify and correlate fast changing particle emissions with specific engine events during the test cycle.

Wide size range and high resolution.

It measures particle emissions from 5.6 to 560 nanometers, reporting a total of 32 channels (16 channels of size per decade). Additionally, it operates at ambient pressure to eliminate any concern about evaporating volatile and semivolatile particles.

Wide dynamic concentration range.

Very sensitive electrometers provide the ability to measure particle concentrations across a very broad range–greater than four orders of magnitude (Figure 2). The EEPS spectrometer is sensitive enough to measure concentration as low as 200 particles/cm³ (corresponding to <1 µg/m³), making it well-suited for characterizing exhaust after-treatment devices like particle traps and DPFs.

For high particle concentration applications, TSI offers the Model 379020A Rotating Disk Thermodiluter (RDD). It features a probe that's separate from the control unit and the EEPS spectrometer. By diluting the sample at the point of measurement (the tailpipe or CVS tunnel), size distribution and concentration are preserved so that particles can be measured properly by the EEPS. The RDD also features variable dilution over the range from 15:1 to 3,000:1 and selectable heated dilution temperatures up to 150°C.

Robust design and operation.

All EEPS components are housed in a single cabinet that weighs just 32 kg, including the sample pump, making it easy to move the instrument between test rigs and take up less space in the test cell. To operate, simply turn on the power and allow the instrument to warm up (approximately 10 minutes). A microprocessor measures temperature and barometric pressure automatically and converts those values to volumetric flow. This maintains calibration and provides accurate and reproducible measurements. Operation is really that simple – the EEPS does not require a specialist to use it properly.

Service made simple.

When it becomes necessary to clean the instrument, a cleaning tool (supplied) allows users to quickly wipe away soot or other particles that may have built up on the electrometers. The process takes less than 15 min – saving you time and money.

Front panel display.

Using the display and built-in control knob, users can view measurements in real-time and quickly check operating parameter settings and status. Data can be viewed in a variety of ranges and formats, including auto-range and linear or log scale. Concentration units are normalized (dN/dlogDp) for easy comparison to other instruments. A unique "in range" concentration indicator shows both maximum and minimum concentration ranges to verify that the measurements are within the specified operating range.

Flexible data management.

EEPS software combines data collection and analysis for convenience. It offers many advanced features, including:

- + Views of the entire engine test cycle with the ability to zoom in on specific events
- + 3D movie view of size distribution and particle concentration versus time
- + Handling of effective densities to calculate and output PM
- + Selectable matrices tailored to application for more accurate measurement

High sample flow rate.

The EEPS spectrometer operates at 10 L/min, which greatly reduces particle sampling losses due to diffusion.

Custom inputs.

An external "start" input trigger allows for remote operation. Two analog inputs enable you to log and correlate to other engine parameters. Optional AK protocol capability allows for greater system integration.

Proven measurement technology.

TSI has been designing and manufacturing instrumentation for measuring particles using electrical mobility classification for nearly 50 years. We built on this experience using technology that combines electrical mobility and an array of electrometers, which was developed at the University of Tartu in Estonia more than 20 years ago. The result is a product that's designed specifically for measuring engine emissions.

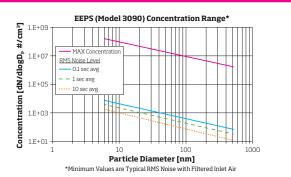


Figure 2. EEPS Concentration Range

CHARACTERIZE PARTICLE EMISSIONS IN REAL-TIME

Operation

The instrument draws a sample of the exhaust flow into the inlet continuously (Figure 3). Particles are positively charged to a predictable level using a corona charger. Charged particles are then introduced to the measurement region near the center of a high-voltage electrode column and transported down the column surrounded by HEPA-filtered sheath air. A positive voltage is applied to the electrode and creates an electric field that repels the positively charged particles outward according to their electrical mobility.

Charged particles strike the respective electrometers and transfer their charge. A particle with higher electrical mobility strikes an electrometer near the top; whereas, a particle with lower electrical mobility strikes an electrometer lower in the stack. This multipledetector arrangement using highly sensitive electrometers allows for simultaneous concentration measurements of multiple particle sizes.

With a built-in, high-performance DSP, the Model 3090 uses a sophisticated, real-time data inversion to deconvolute data.

The standard method for submicrometer particle sizing is to use a TSI SMPS spectrometer–the instrument that even our competitors use to calibrate their own products. When measuring steady-state engine operating conditions, data from the EEPS spectrometer corresponds well to our Series 3938 SMPS systems. The SMPS is well- suited for measuring steady-state engine operating conditions, but it requires 30 to 60 seconds minimum to obtain a single size distribution. As a result, the SMPS is not suitable for measuring particle emissions during transient test cycles. The EEPS spectrometer provides the ability to measure particle emissions in real time.

Applications

Real-time measurements and exceptional accuracy make the Model 3090 EEPS spectrometer an effective tool for measuring particle emissions during transient engine cycles and for characterizing exhaust after-treatment devices. Although TSI Scanning Mobility Particle Sizer™ (SMPS™) spectrometers provide a significantly higher size resolution, they are best-suited for measuring steady-state engine operating conditions. The EEPS spectrometer enables users to visualize particle emissions during transient engine test cycles with a 10-Hz time resolution. This makes the EEPS well-suited for:

- + Observing DPF loading and particle slippage
- + Calibrating engines to reduce particle emissions
- + Characterizing DPF efficiency
- + Brake dust and tire wear

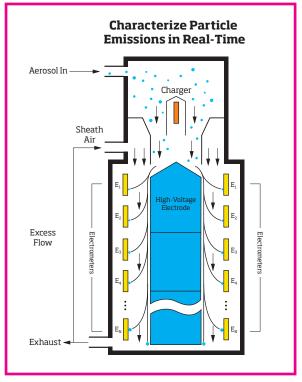


Figure 3. EEPS Flow Schematic

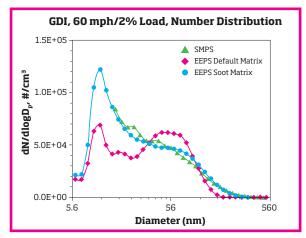


Figure 4. The number distribution of engine emissions as measured by an SMPS, and by the EEPS using two data inversion matrices.

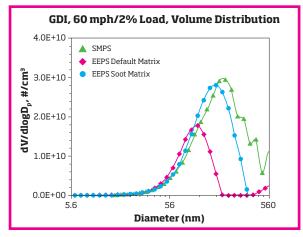


Figure 5. The volume distribution of engine emissions as measured by an SMPS, and by the EEPS using two data inversion matrices.

POWERFUL PARTICLE SIZING SOFTWARE FEATURES WITH MASS APPEAL

The EEPS software is your interface for data collection and analysis. Particle emissions data can be displayed in a variety of formats, during data collection and for post-acquisition analysis. Five predefined main views may be displayed (Figure 6):

- + Run View
- + Table View
- + Histogram
- + Total Concentration
- + 3D Plot

The Run View is a 2D color contour plot that lets users analyze an engine test cycle quickly, then zoom in and analyze interesting events in greater detail using other views. The Table View includes number concentration for each size channel and, once you enter an effective density, weightings for surface area, volume, and mass (PM). In addition, the software reports statistics such as median, mean diameter, geometric mean, mode, geometric standard deviation, and total concentration for each of the weightings (Figure 7). Each of the weightings can be plotted as a Histogram, using either linear or log scaling. View boundaries can be set to limit the range over which the statistics are calculated in the table. "In range" concentration indicators are displayed while collecting and analyzing data. Figure 8 shows both the maximum and minimum concentration ranges, which verify that measurements are valid and within the specified operating range.

A 3D Plot of size distribution and concentration versus time (Figure 9) makes it easy to identify and correlate particle emissions with specific engine events during the test cycle. Measurements can be replayed for a unique "movie" view of the entire engine cycle, or you can zoom in on a period of interest. Measurements may be started manually, triggered externally, or scheduled to begin at a specific time. The software provides user-selectable run lengths up to 90 minutes.

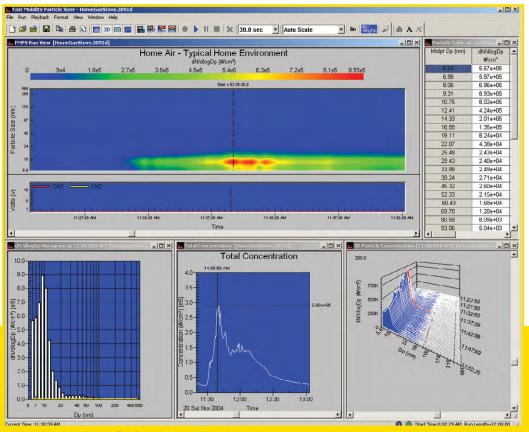


Figure 6. The EEPS software offers five main views of data. This screen depicts a large nucleation mode formed by deceleration during a transient test. The EEPS software also provides users with a data export function for customized data-handling requirements. Data can be exported to a text or spreadsheet file, either automatically and continuously as data are collected, or manually after data collection is done. The software offers a wide variety of graphing types and colors, as well as font type and style.

All instrument status indicators and controls can be accessed from the EEPS front-panel display and viewed and controlled via the software. This includes operating parameters like instrument flow rates, column voltages, charger currents, sheath air temperature, and inlet pressure. Operation of the flows, chargers, and column voltages can also be turned on and off using the software. In addition, the electrometer readings, size distribution, and total concentration can be measured and monitored before data collection begins (Figure 10).

Particle Table at:	1:59:12.8 PM [FTP-HD.3090d]			_ 🗆 ×
Midpt Dp (nm)	dN/dlogDp	Surface	Volume	Mass	Density
	#/cm³	nm²/cm³	nmª/cmª	µg/mª	g/cmª
6.04	8.66e+06	9.93e+08	9.99e+Q8	1.20	1.20
6.98	1.35e+07	2.06e+09	2.40e+09	2.88	1.20
8.06	1.93e+07	3.94e+09	5.29e+09	6.35	1.20
9.31	2.61e+07	7.11e+09	1.10e+10	13.2	1.20
10.75	2.87e+07	1.04e+10	1.87e+10	22.4	1.20
12.41	2.70e+07	1.31e+10	2.70e+10	32.5	1.20
14.33	2.25e+07	1.45e+10	3.46e+10	41.6	1.20
16.55	1.51e+07	1.30e+10	3.58e+10	42.9	1.20
19.11	9.34e+06	1.07e+10	3.41e+10	40.9	1.20
22.07	5.27e+06	8.06e+09	2.97e+10	35.6	1.20
25.48	2.66e+06	5.42e+09	2.30e+10	27.6	1.20
29.43	1.50e+06	4.09e+09	2.00e+10	24.0	1.20
33.98	7.16e+05	2.60e+09	1.47e+10	17.6	1.20
39.24	2.99e+05	1.45e+09	9.47e+09	11.4	1.20
45.32	8.03e+04	5.18e+08	3.91e+09	4.70	1.20
52.33	5.88e+04	5.06e+08	4.41e+09	5.07	1.15
60.43	4.93e+04	5.65e+08	5.69e+09	6.15	1.08
69.78	5.18e+04	7.93e+08	9.22e+09	9.40	1.02
80.58	4.74e+04	9.68e+08	1.30e+10	12.3	0.950
93.06	3.62e+04	9.84e+08	1.53e+10	13.6	0.890
107.46	2.65e+04	9.61e+08	1.72e+10	14.1	0.820
124.09	1.84e+04	8.88e+08	1.84e+10	13.8	0.750
143.30	1.27e+04	8.22e+08	1.96e+10	13.5	0.690
165.48	9.64e+03	8.29e+08	2.29e+10	14.2	0.620
191.10	7.09e+03	8.13e+08	2.59e+10	14.5	0.560
220.67	5.10e+03	7.80e+08	2.87e+10	14.0	0.490
254.83	3.43e+03	7.00e+08	2.97e+10	12.5	0.420
294.27	2.09e+03	5.69e+08	2.79e+10	10.0	0.360
339.82	1.16e+03	4.20e+08	2.38e+10	6.90	0.290
392.42	628.1	3.04e+08	1.99e+10	4.37	0.220
453.16	315.0	2.03e+08	1.54e+10	2.46	0.160
523.30	218.3	1.88e+08	1.64e+10	1.51	9.20e-02
Median (nm)	11.3	15.9	76.9	24.7	
Mean (nm)	12.4	32.1	133.9	71.8	
Geo. Mean (nm)	11.5	19.2	65.3	37.0	
Mode (nm)	10.75	14.33	16.55	16.55	
Geo.Std.Dev.	1.44	2.22	3.67	3.01	
Total	1.13e+07	6.83e+09	3.65e+10	30.8	

Figure 7. A Table View of particle concentration, with different weightings,	
rigure 7. A Table view of particle concentration, with different weightings,	
densities, and statistics.	

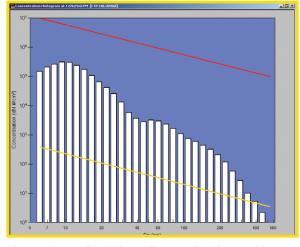


Figure 8. Histogram showing "in-range" concentration indicators (minimum in yellow; maximum in red). Log scale makes it easy to see nucleation and accumulation modes.

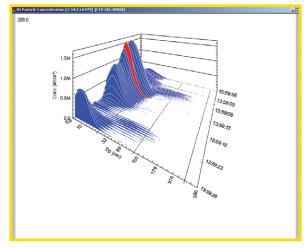


Figure 9. A 3D Plot showing a gear shift during a FTP-HD transient cycle, with load and speed changes, showing a particle size peak at 10 nm.

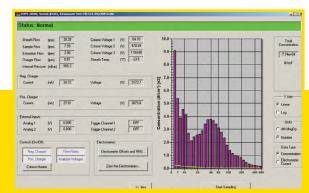


Figure 10. The Instrument Status Window shows data and provides controls.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE EXHAUST PARTICLE SIZER™ SPECTROMETER **MODEL 3090**

Operating Features

Particle Size Range Particle Size Resolution Electrometer Channels Charger Mode of Operation Inlet Cyclone 50% Cutpoint Time Resolution

Flow Rate

Sample Flow Sheath Air

Environmental Conditions

Inlet Sample Temperature Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Atmospheric Pressure Correction Range Humidity

Communications

User Interface

Front Panel Display **Computer Requirements**

Operating System Required

Communications

Electrical Features

Analog Input

Analog Output

Trigger Input

Trigger Output

Physical Features

Dimensions $(H \times W \times D)$

Weight Sample Inlet Cyclone Inlet Exhaust/Outlet **Power Requirements** 5.6 to 560 nm 16 channels per decade (32 total) 22 Unipolar diffusion charger 1μm 10 size distributions/sec

10 L/min 40 L/min

10 to 52°C 0 to 40°C -20 to 50°C 70 to 103 kPa (700 to 1034 mbar)

0 to 90% RH (noncondensing)

Rotary knob and display; EEPS software 6.4-inch, color, VGA LCD Pentium[®] 4 processor, 2 GHz speed or better, at least 512 MB RAM Windows 7 or Windows 8 (32-bit or 64-bit) operating systems

9-pin RS-232

Two analog input channels, 0 to 10 V Four user-configurable analog outputs (see Application Note EEPS-001 for details) Two trigger input channels, potentialfree contact closure or 3.3 V pulled to GND Trigger output channel, potential-free contact closure

70.4 × 34.3 × 43.9 cm (27.7 × 13.5 × 17.3 in) 32 kg (70 lb) ³/₈-in. OD (without inlet cyclone) 3/8-in. OD ³/8-in, OD 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 250W

Acknowledgments

The Model 3090 Engine Exhaust Particle Sizer (EEPS) spectrometer was developed by TSI under license from Airel, Ltd. of Tartu, Estonia. We gratefully acknowledge the contributions from the dedicated scientists at Airel during the development of this instrument.



The Rotating Disk Thermodiluter accessory allows you to dilute the sample at the point of measurement. This preserves the size distribution and concentration so that particles are measured properly by the EEPS spectrometer. Dilution temperatures are selectable, enabling you to study volatile or semivolatile fractions.

TO ORDER

Engine Exhaust Particle Sizer Spectrometer				
Specify	Description			
3090	EEPS spectrometer and software			
3090-AK	EEPS Spectrometer and software			
	with AK serial command protocol			

Optional Dilution Accessories

Specify Description 379020A Rotating Disk Thermodiluter 379020A-30 Rotating Disk Thermodiluter and Thermal Conditioner Thermal Conditioner Air Supply 379030

Computer must be purchased separately.

Specifications reflect typical performance and are subject to change without notice.

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